THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FALL DRESS GOODS.

We have received two hundred pieces NEW GOODS. They are fresh from the looms and represent the most attractive lines in the market. We are adding new lines every day, determined to give the people of Wilmington the latest novelties produced.

Young Ladies

That are going to school will find the largest line of NEW GOODS in the city on our counters, and they can select their Fall Dresses before their departure.

A Few New Arrivals.

Wool and Mohair Suitings.

This textile is an admixture of Mohair and Wool in solid and mixed colors, 60c per yard.

Wool and Raw Silk,

Figured with Black Arabasques, which tone down the color medleys in the ground work, the latter being a mixture of Silk and Wool, 45c per yard.

Plaid Serges.

We have twenty-five different patterns with combinations of Bluet and Gold, Green and Heliotrope, Reseda and Old Rose, Olive Green and Brown, Gold and Blue, Golden Brown and Blue Black, Sky Blue and Brown, 60 and 75c per yard.

Black and Blue Sponge Serge,

The best material for Skirts, 85c per yard.

Fancy Mohair Suitings

85 cents per yard.

Cravanette

In Black and Blue, 60-inch in width, $1.50 per yard.

Silician Mohairs

Are durable and pretty. They appear in seasonable weights in twills and other neat effects at $1.25 per yard.

Fancy Figured Black Mohairs

At 50 cents per yard.

Plaid Flannel Suitings

For Children's Cloaks 37½c a yard.

Plaids, Silk Finished,

Exclusive patterns, with combinations of Brown and Blue, Black and Red, Green and Yellow, Green and Black, Blue and Black, Magenta and Brown, only $1.00 per yard.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

sep 15 tf

Everybody Who Wears

SHOES

WILL DO WELL TO CALL ON

MERCER & EVANS,

at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, on Princess street, before purchasing elsewhere. We have some EXCELLENT BARGAINS always on hand, which it will pay you to see.

Call early and often on

Mercer & Evans,

aug 18 tf 115 Princess St.

New River Oysters.

JUST RECEIVED AND SERVED IN ANY style at reduced prices at Atlantic Inn.

GIESCHEN BRO'S,

sept 28 1w Proprietors.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 7. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,866

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To-Morrow,

Monday,

The Last Day's Business

—AT—

KATZ & POLVOGT,

—AT—

No. 116 Market St,

As a Parting Shot

Big Reductions

DRESS GOODS,

Silks, Carpets, Etc.

Afterward we will be found at

No. 9 North Front St.

sep 29 tf

WHEN INSOME OMEN ANT

PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS THEY will do well to call at No. 214 Market street, where they will find all the latest Fashion Journals and Parisian Colored Plates. All work guaranteed.

MISS EMMA DAVIS,

Formerly Cor. Princess and Front Sts.

sep 29 1w

To the Public.

WE ARE STILL AT THE OLD STAND No. 11 South Front street, where we would be pleased to have you call and see us whenever you are in need of a first class Hair Cut or Shave, or anything else in that line. Satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,

Experts in Barbering,

sept 15 tf South Front St.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

Port Almanac—September 29.

Sun Rises	5.53 A M
Sun Sets	5.47 P M
Day's Length	11 h 55
High Water at Southport	4.35 A M
High Water at Wilmington	6 29 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., Sept. 29.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 69°; maximum, 79°; minimum, 63°; mean 71°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 4.46.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For South Carolina, fair; warmer in northern portion; easterly winds.

For North Carolina, generally fair; slightly warmer; variable winds.

OUTLINES

Washington news—a gain in the gold reserve; Minister Ransom's salary. —— Over four hundred cases of diphtheria in St. Louis; typhoid fever almost epidemic. —— Grain and provision market. —— British steamer Alene held up and searched by a Spanish warship off the coast of Cuba. —— Corbett Fitzsimmons—friends of the prize-fighters hopeful that Gov. Culberson will not be able to prevent the fight. ——South Carolina Convention—a resolution of sympathy for Cuban patriots offered; the dispensary question under consideration. —— Key West advices —United States cruiser Cincinnati cooperating with revenue cutters; Cedar Keys filibustering expedition. —— U. S war ships—Admiral Bunce's squadron at Fort Monroe, Va. —— Fatal accident—two men killed and several injured at Sandy Hook. —— Atlanta's Exposition—preparations for the reception of the Liberty bell; formal opening of the Woman's Building; other interesting events next week. ——The Ohio campaign—imposing Democratic demonstration at Columbus; ten thousand men in the parade; addresses by ex-Gov. Campbell and other distinguished speakers. —— The inquiry into outrages by Chinese at Kucheng abruptly concluded. —— The Convention of Southern Railroad men unable to agree. —— Seventeen British war-ships near the entrance to the Dardanelles. —— New York markets: Money on call yesterday was easy at 1½ per cent.; ton quiet—middling gulf 9¼c; middling 8⅝c; Southern flour quiet and steady—common to fair extra $2.00@3.70; good to choice $2.80@3.10; wheat—spot firmer and more active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66⅞c; afloat 67⅛c; corn—spot entirely nominal; No. 2 at elevator 88¼c; afloat 89¼c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 28⅛@28⅜c; rosin fairly active and firm—strained common to good $1.45@1.50.

A Washington man on getting married changed his name to please his wife, and took hers. His name might have been Smith.

Minnesota has a Girl's School of Agriculture where they teach the girls to cultivate fruits, flowers, cooking, canning, sewing, &c.

The railroad business is looking up. The Pennsylvania railroad reports an increase of $340,000 in its earnings on its various lines for the month of August.

Joe Blackburn is confident of reelection to the Senate, which prompts us to again remark that it is mighty hard to down a man in Kentucky who can call 25,000 citizens by name.

The bicycle is humming along in politics. The Republican convention of Pennsylvania put a plank in its platform for good roads, and the Democratic convention at Syracuse, N. Y., did ditto.

A hypnotizing doctor in Ogden, Utah, says he can cure kleptomania, &c., in the young by hypnotism. He should be encouraged to at once turn his attention to the rising generation of Republicans.

The Japanese are not having the picnic in Formosa that they had in China. They have to fight for what they get there and fight hard, too. They have about 60,000 troops there, about 3,200 of whom are on the sick list, worn out with the hard work they have had to do.

One peculiarity of the Hoosac tunnel, four and a half miles long, near North Adams, Mass., is that no telegraphic message can be sent through it. They all get lost although the attempt has been frequently made and with all kinds of wires. Electricians are puzzled over it, as they have failed to discover mineral or any signs of mineral anywhere about.

There is a rich old Chinaman in San Jose, California, who is so desirous of becoming an American father-in-law, that he offers to take into partnership any respectable American who will marry his daughter. How much respectability he requires is not stated, but as he is worth about $100,000 Hip Sing Lee will not have much trouble in finding some hustling orphan to go halves with him. The reason he assigns is that he is getting old, and if his daughter should be left without a protector, the Chinese highbinders in California might abduct her.

When a woman makes up her mind to marry she generally does it even if it costs her money. So Miss Umburger, of Muncie, Ind., skipped with the boy she liked, and made her pa so angry that he disinherited her of the $250,000 he intended to give her, and made a boy who was no relation to him his heir. When the girl comes back, throws her arms around him and plants a kiss under his nose, the old man will probably reconsider, call it quits and restore the former status.

Professor J. J. McCook tells the Washington *Post* that the number of tramps in this country increased from 45,162 in 1892 to 85,268 in 1895, the cost of supporting them increasing from $9000,000 in the former year to $17,000,000 in the latter. And they didn't have very elaborate rations either. The tramp is the progeny of Republican statesmanship, but it has treated him as an outcast and never once owned him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. B. COOPER—Cheese.
B. F. KEITH—Cheese.
BUFFALO BILL—Big show.
MERCER & EVANS—Shoes.
BUNTING—$10,000 wanted.
SAM'L BEAR, SR—Mullets.
MYERS & LEWIS—Typewriters.
KATZ & POLVOGT—To-morrow.
A. D. BROWN—Fall dress goods.
OPERA HOUSE—The Span of Life.
JAS. D. NUTT—Just to remind you.
A. DAVID & CO.—Clothing at retail.
HALL & PEARSALL—New catch mullets
G.R. FRENCH & SON—Canvas leggings
C. E. GORDON—When autumn comes.
GIESCHEN BROS.—New River oysters.
JOHNSON & FORE—Black dress goods.
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
J.H.REHDER & CO.—New dress goods.
BRADDY & GAYLORD—Best engineer.
DOZIER & LEE—A war is imminent in the South.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

DO YOU speculate?
P. H. HAYDEN—Harness, buggies.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. E. Weatherly, of Baltimore, is in the city on business.

— Mr. Louis N. Bunting has returned from a trip through South Carolina.

— Mr. N. McIntosh returned yesterday from a visit to relatives in Moore county.

— Col. Jessee Hargrave, of Laurel Hill, Richmond county, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. I. J. Sternberger, who has been spending his vacation in Western North Carolina, has returned much improved in health.

— Messrs. W. G. Womble, Maysville; C. R. Speight, Jacksonville; W. Turlington, S. C.; R. T. Draughon, Bennettsville; R. E. Patterson, Jr., Liberty; W. H. Shearin, J. C. Lashley, Castle Hayne; Geo. R. Welch, S. C.; J. W. Seam, Charlotte, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Death of Mrs. B. F. Mitchell.

Mrs. Louisa Arthur Mitchell, wife of Mr. B. F. Mitchell, of this city, died yesterday morning at 1 o'clock, at the family residence on Mulberry street. Her death was caused by a stroke of paralysis last Monday, which left her in an unconscious condition until the end came. Her husband and two sons—Mr. J. Arthur Mitchell and Mr. B. F. Mitchell, Jr.—were with her at the last. Mrs. Mitchell was born in South Carolina, and resided in Camden, that State, up to the time of her marriage in 1868. She was a lady of estimable qualities of mind and heart, and was greatly beloved by many friends. Her funeral will take place from the residence this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

The Wild West Show.

To the lovers of the horse and admirers of clever horsemanship, no greater treat can be conceived than that afforded by the equine feats and evolutions of the rough riders and cavalrymen which form such an interesting feature of the attractions of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Exhibition, which is to be given here on October 7th, at Hilton Park.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page

— For other new advertisements see fourth page.

— Local forecast for to-day: Fair, cooler; light to fresh northerly winds.

— There was only 16 inches water in the river at Fayetteville Friday at 8 a. m.

— There was but one marriage license issued here the past week and that was for a colored couple.

— During the past week there were four interments in Oakdale cemetery and two in Bellevue.

— The steamer *Hurt*, from Fayetteville, arrived yesterday at 3 p. m. and left on the return trip at 7 p. m.

— About three hundred excursionists from the Bennettsville section in South Carolina were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Alex. S. Heide, of this city, succeeds his brother, the late Mr. R. E. Heide, as consul here for Sweden and Norway.

— Esquire Jas. M. McGowan tried two cases of assault and battery yesterday. In each case judgment was suspended on payment of costs.

— Capt. John Woodsides died at Southport last Friday, and was buried there yesterday. For many years he was captain of the steam dredge-boat Woodbury.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

— The regular mail car of the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk road made its first run Friday since its overhauling. Besides being re-painted it has been provided with catchers to take mail from small stations along the line of the route without stopping.

— The Catherine Kennedy Home has had added to its rest and dispensary department the services of a trained nurse, Miss A. L. Leggett, who has just returned from the nurse training department of Bellevue Hospital, New York, where she has had several years training and experience.

The Bicycle Parade.

One hundred and sixty-two names have been sent to the STAR office of persons who will enter the bicycle parade, which will take place within the next few weeks. The committee is at work preparing for a big parade and supper, and will Monday night name the committee of lady riders who will constitute the committee of arrangements in the domestic line. The band boys who are to lead the procession are practicing, and say they will be in good shape. Mr. Jno. M. Wright received the bicycles for the Western Union Telegraph office messengers, and now that office has ten wheelmen. The Postal Telegraph office sent in the names of their entire force for the parade last night. A surprise to the committee is the interest manifested by the ladies and little girls who have wheels.

"The Span of Life."

This great scenic production will be the amusement offered at the Opera House to-morrow evening. This company is just from a long and successful run in New York city, where the play was presented more than one hundred nights. The New York *Herald* says: "No greater melodrama has been given in this city for many years. The situations are thoroughly interesting, especially the light-house scene and the bridge, formed of three human beings, and over which heroine and child pass to safety. The company is an exceptionally good one, each character being faithfully portraid."

The company will arrive this morning from Richmond, Va. They bring a carload of scenery and effects, and the production here will be given in its entirety.

A Fisherman Drowned.

A colored fisherman named Jerry Macks was drowned in the surf off Middle Sound, not far from Ocean View, Friday afternoon. Macks and some of his companions were attempting to get a boat through the breakers, when it was swamped, and Macks was carried out by a wave. His companions clung to the boat and managed to get ashore. The body of the unfortunate man was washed up, and found yesterday morning in front of Rev. Mr. Rawling's cottage at Ocean View. The Coroner was telephoned for, and went down to view the body.

Macks was about 35 years old. He was married, and leaves a wife and children.

Students at the University.

The total enrollment at the State University, Chapel Hill, is 505, as follows: Graduates, 8; seniors, 40; juniors, 56; sophomores, 67; freshmen, 134; medical, 27; law, 48; teachers in Summer School, 140. Total, 515. Counted twice, 10; actual total, 505.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Katz & Polvogt will have their last day's business at No. 116 Market street. They will move to No. 9 Front street. Great inducements are offered to-morrow at their present stand, No. 116 Market street. t

SUPERIOR COURT.

Cases Tried Yesterday—The Special Venire Ordered for Monday.

The Superior Court, Judge Green presiding, yesterday disposed of the following cases:

Elvin Whitfield, Hardy Whitfield and Lee Solomon, negro boys, convicted of larceny, were sent to the county house of correction for four months.

Eddie Willis, larceny. Verdict, guilty, with recommendation to mercy. Defendant sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Mary Smith, perjury. Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Lee Handon, larceny. Verdict, guilty. Sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

John, alias Tom Hansley, larceny. Pleaded guilty. Judgment suspended; defendant recognized for appearance at next term of Court.

J. P. Flynn, assault and battery with a deadly weapon. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

Richard Perry, alias Berry, larceny. Verdict not guilty.

Fred. Hall, larceny. Guilty. Sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Wesley Moore, charged with being a nuisance, remanded to Mayor's Court for adjudication.

Frank Brown, selling liquor on Sunday. Nol pros.

Elvin Whitfield, carrying a concealed weapon. Continued.

Robt. Guthrie, alias Robt. Moore, larceny. Nol pros. with leave.

Albert Wessell and Fritz Punke, selling liquor to minors. Verdict, not guilty.

Robert Johnson, larceny. Verdict not guilty.

Several jurors were fined for not answering when their names were called.

Court took recess at 4 o'clock p. m., until 9 a. m. Monday.

The following were drawn as the special venire, ordered for the trial of the *Dispatch* libel case Monday, viz:

Perley Johnson, Chas Humphrey, Jos B Dudley, D H Russell, Lewis H Skinner, J E Norwood, M F Croom, B F Swann, J F Craig, E J Littleton, Owen Hansley, R M Wescott, A B Sandlin, J R Guthrie, J D McDuffie, A K Heath, C S Burnett, Jacob Wells, J D Poisson, Alfred Alderman, J J Hopkins, A A Nathan, J W Branch, Samuel H Burt, Duncan McEachern, James Allen, W E Powell, J G Swann, J S Rush, Jr, J J King, John H Tucker, Chas M Baldwin, W E Mann, S R Carmon. Robert Sellers, Sam Blossom, James Holmes, Sr, W S Ellis, B R King, R R Hutchins, Ambrose Lovinier, C R Mason, R W Best, R H McGrath, G P Howey, B W Bunting, J W Jarret, Julius Hahn, W R Greer, W T Shepard.

Funeral of the Late Louis H. Myers.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Louis Henry Myers were held yesterday morning in St. James' Episcopal Church, which was crowded. The Wilmington Division Naval Reserves, under command of Lieut. W. M. Atkinson, and the Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company, under Mr. R. H. Northrop, attended. The organizations went to the residence across the street from the church and formed in line, and the Reserves presented arms as the remains of their deceased member were carried to the church. The ceremonies were conducted by Rev. F. W. Skinner. The Reserves led the funeral procession, and paid their last respects to one who was buried in their uniform by firing a salute. A number of ladies, friends of the deceased, at the grave sang two hymns. The mound was literally covered from view by floral offerings. The pall bearers were (honorary) Clarence D. French and Chas. R. Lewis; (active) R. Clinton Bunting, Warren Johnson, R, F. Crow. Jas. Theus Munds. H. B. Peschau and R. G. Rankin, Jr.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 2,815 bales, against 974 same day last year.

Spot cotton firm in New York at 8⅝c for middling; closed steady in Wilmington at 8¼.

Net receipts at all ports 28,856 bales; same day last year 27,981.

New York futures closed steady and one point lower than closing prices Friday.

Boston *Commercial Bulletin*: Among the mill men there is not that buoyant trust in the future of the raw material that exists elsewhere. The dabblers in cotton are mostly rank outsiders, who have been using their profits on the first hundred bale purchase as a margin for further speculation. If cotton does fall, it will go with a rush. The foreign consumption, however, continues unchecked and the English mills at Manchester are under contract till January.

The only rain reported yesterday in the cotton belt was light showers from the Galveston and Little Rock districts. Generally lower temperature prevailed throughout the belt.

Visiting Day at the Catherine Kennedy Home.

Next Tuesday will again be visiting day at the Katherine Kennedy Home. Visitors are always gladly welcomed to the home, and any offering of money, provisions, or anything for family use will be thankfully received.

Citizens who have never visited the present home, on Ninth and Princess streets, would feel amply repaid by a visit within its comfortable home-like walls.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

RALEIGH HAPPENINGS.

GOV. CULBERSON, OF TEXAS, TELEGRAPHS GOV. CARR.

He Wants to Know If Prize Fighting Is a Misdemeanor or Felony in North Carolina—House Clerks Indicted For Fraudulent Enrollment of the Assignment Acts—Spier Whitaker's Gubernatorial Aspirations—University Foot Ball Team—The Attempted Assassination at Chapel Hill—Cotton Report.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 28.

Gov. Culberson, of the Lone Star State, is up in arms against the scientific exhibition of boxing as will be exemplified by Professors Corbett and Fitzsimmons in Dallas. He telegraphed Gov. Carr this morning to know if prize fighting was a misdemeanor or felony in this State. A reply was requested. The Governor wired back that prize fighting was unlawful in North Carolina, the penalty being a fine of $500. The law is very stringent, and makes a bettor or witness to the fight equally as guilty as the participants. The law was passed by the last Legislature. Gov. Culberson had an object in obatining the law in this State.

A bill was framed and was about to pass the Legislature legalizing prize fighting in the county of New Hanover, but some of the fusion leaders called it down. They thought it would "injure" the chances of confusion in the next campaign. It has often been remarked that while so much scheming and falsifying was done in the last Legislature, it was a wonder that a bill legalizing prize fighting was not forged through.

The grand jury examined Mr. Batchelor, of the Secretary of State's office, and Librarian Ellington this morning, in regard to the fraudulent enrollment of the assignment act. It is likely that something will turn up this evening.

When it was first mentioned in the STAR that the "Pops" would likely swamp the Silver Convention, a good many people held up their hands and laughed at the idea. I got the idea from a far-sighted man, who is a Democrat.

I asked Judge Spier Whitaker yesterday for some insight as to his political affiliations. The Judge is a man who does little talking. He replied that he was going to enter the next campaign and he would then announce where he stood. Probably he expects to enter as Fusion gubernatorial candidate, as the STAR said a few days ago. That is the plan, so the story goes, with many good fusionists. Butler is for him and he is Butler's choice above all others. This news does not come directly, but then, it comes.

The Republicans and Populists might fall out on this one thing, as the Republicans are over anxious to name the Governor. Butler is under obligations to Judge Whitaker. A great many people think he is really the power behind the throne.

An effort is being made to get the Baltimore and Philadelphia base ball teams to play here while en route on their Southern trip to the big "mill" at Dallas.

Bishop Cheshire, Dr. M. M. Marshall and Rev and Mrs. A. B. Hunter left this morning for Minneapolis to attend the Episcopal Convention.

Mrs. Arrington is very much exercised over ex-Judge Whitaker's gubernatorial boom. She was asked if she would take the stump against him. "No," said she, "I will take the streets."

Senator Mewborne, when he was here, said that he was in favor of fiat money.

Mr. J. H. Drake, general freight agent of the Southern, was here yesterday.

Mr. Hoffman, of the Seaboard, officially denies that Maj. Winder is to return to the vice presidency. Maj. Winder certainly has a railroad offer under consideration, but just what it is can't be learned. He is now at Milbrook, six miles from the city.

The Southern will not enter Norfolk before January 1st. It was the hope of the officials to get in right away so as to catch some of the cotton traffic. The warehouse could not be completed, and there is a great deal of dredging to be done.

Judge Furches has arrived for the opening of the Supreme Court Monday.

Ballots have been printed for the bond election, which will be voted upon on the first Monday in November.

The entire A. & M. College will visit the Atlanta Exposition en masse on the last day of the week.

Mr. Whitaker, a member of the University foot ball team, says the University eleven will this year be stronger than ever, although lighter than teams of former years. The backs, ends, and center are particularly strong. He says that it is thought the team has a splendid chance of defeating Virginia, and attributes this to the sturdy, up-to-date training the team is receiving at the hands of Trenchard, of Princeton. The eleven's first game is with the A. & M. College on October 11.

The man who was shot by negroes at Chapel Hill last week, was a Mr. Penderghast, who carries mail from the University to Pittsboro.

It seems that a crowd of negroes attacked two students and pursued them with sticks and stones. That night one of the students "held up" a negro with a pistol. This caused much bad feeling and the next evening the shooting occurred.

The man who fired is unknown, but it is clear that it was a case of attempted murder, the would-be assassin mistaking Penderghast for a student. The matter was kept very quiet by the University authorities. As is usual in such cases, garbled accounts became circulated.

The cotton report for the week ending yesterday shows up in a yellow light as compared with the report of the corresponding week last season. The price, however, is exactly three cents higher than it was last season. Here is the report, compared with that of last season: Receipts to date, 1,364 bales; last year, 2,217. Receipts for the week, 894 bales; corresponding week last year, 2,217. There are 800 bales on the platform, and shipments for the week were 614. Strict middling, 8⅝c; last year, 5⅝c.

True bills have been found against S. P. Satterfield and John N. Brown, clerks in the House of Representatives, for fraudulent enrollment of the assignment act.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The grand jury returned true bills against J. U. Brown, enrolling clerk of the House, and S. P. Satterfield, chief clerk, for corruptly, willfully and fraudulently causing and and permitting to be enrolled a law kdown as the assignment act. The case comes up at the July term. There are two separate bills with a number of counts.

Thirty-one law students from the University arrived to-day to stand examination before the Supreme Court Monday.

SITUATION IN COTTON

As Reported by Hubbard Bros. & Co.—Markets Over-run With Buying Orders.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.

DEAR SIR:—Although the European spinners have been forewarned of the damage to the cotton crop, they have refused to pay any attention to the reports which have been daily and weekly forwarded to them, until Mr. Neill issued his circular, forecasting a crop of 7,000,000 to 7,250,000 bales. Upon the publication of this estimate, the markets have been overrun with buying orders from every source, and the course of prices has been governed by the willingness of holders to sell. This demand is not based upon the prospective consumption of American cotton, but upon the realization of spinners that they would be obliged to pay higher prices for their raw material. We have often called attention to the danger of spinners becoming alarmed, and stated that when they did speculation would not permit them to buy their cotton on a quiet basis. This is now proving true, and the question when the advance will stop can be answered by asking when the spinners will be satisfied. At one time to-day it seemed as though they had stopped, but at that time large buying orders from the Continent made their appearance and the markets again became wild. Reports from the crop are, if anything, worse than they have been at any time during the season, and the favorite estimate of the crop now ranges between 6,750,000 and 7,350,000 bales. Either crop will cause a reduction in the visible and invisible supplies, estimated on the 1st of September to be upwards of 3,000,000 bales of 400 pounds each. Although the market shows every sign of advancing still further, it is evident the movement from India will greatly exceed that of last season and while good prices for the American crop are now assured, it is at all times well to watch the movement from other countries, especially as Mr. Ellison, in estimating the consumption of American cotton at 8,790,000 bales last season, states that the increase was due to the consumption of 600,000 bales more of American in place of the cotton from other countries and that the consumption of American is normally 8,350,000 bales. He also states that a crop of 7,800,000 bales will reduce the supplies to the figures of September 1st, 1893. It is expected that the early movement of the crop will be larger than anticipated on account of the rapid opening of the crop, caused by the extreme heat of the past three weeks, but at the moment the receipts are no factor in the situation, as the demand to supply future requirements is greater than the movement of the crop. From Manchester the reports of the condition of the English spinners are very poor. They are reported as losing money, and being in a very bad way. Certainly if they hedge their holdings of spots on a basis of 6¾ cents, and then purchase their supplies on a basis of 8¼ cents, these reports must be true.

Yours, very truly,
HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—59 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—1,744 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls rosin, 88 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—307 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 23 bbls rosin, 55 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—205 bales cotton, 53 casks spirits turpentine, 126 bbls rosin, 58 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—169 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

Schr Spray—6 casks spirits turpentine, 27 bbls rosin, 109 bbls tar.

Rafts—7 casks spirits turpentine, 37 bbls rosin, 30 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 2,315 bales; spirits turpentine, 133 casks; rosin, 430 bbls; tar, 459 bbls; crude turpentine, 41 bbls.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore Gains the Base Ball Championship.

The following is the record of the clubs in the National League, including the games played yesterday:

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Baltimore	86	43	.667
Cleveland	84	45	.651
Philadelphia	77	53	.592
Chicago	71	58	.550
Brooklyn	72	59	.550
Boston	70	59	.543
Pittsburg	71	63	.534
Cincinnati	66	63	.512
New York	66	64	.508
Washington	49	84	.388
St. Louis	39	93	.298
Louisville	34	96	.262

Baltimore again wins the pennant.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

DIED.

MITCHELL.—In this city at 1 a. m., yesterday, September 28th, 1895, LOUISE ARTHUR, wife of F. H. Mitchell, aged 31 years and 8 months.

Funeral from residence this (Sunday) afternoon at 4 30 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1 R. A. M.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL CONVOCATION Monday evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of conferring the Most Excellent Masters' Degree. By order of the High Priest.

W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.

sep 29 1t

Cheese. Cheese.

175 BOXES FINE CREAM CHEESE IN stock and to arrive. Large size, new catch. Mullets, Lye, Snuff, Rice, Coffee, Sugar, Shingles &c. Prices very low.

B. F. KEITH, 130 North Front street.

sep 29 tf

OPERA HOUSE,

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH.

William Calder's Company

In Sutton Vane's Realistic Drama,

The Span of Life.

Now playing on four Continents.

See the Bridge of Human Bodies, The Ligh House Scene. The greatest novelty of the age. Strong cast, new mechanism and new effects.

sep 27 3t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for offices, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss topics briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEP. 29, 1895

DIVORCE IT FROM BANKING.

There is a growing sentiment in this country that the Government should be divorced from the banks and confine itself to its legitimate sphere of coining the gold and silver which may be presented at the mints for coinage. But how this is to be done otherwise than by the establishment of State banks has never been satisfactorily stated. A divorcement of the banks and the Government presupposes the abolition of the national bank system, or such a revolution as would make them practically State instead of national banks, for while they are national in their character they must be governed by legislation national in its character, and that keeps up the connection and makes these banks a factor in Congress.

While for a time the two systems, national and State, might work together, it would not be many years before one or the other would succumb, that one surviving which came nearest to meeting the demands of the people. In the rich States where capital centers the probabilities are that the national bank system, which meets the requirements, might continue and have the field to itself without the competition of State banks, but in those States where money is scarce, but securities available as a basis for bank circulation ample, the probabilities are that the State banks would increase to such an extent as to leave little room for any other. This fact is one reason why the national banks will oppose with all their influence and power the establishment of any other system of banks to become competitors with them. They will fight not only to preserve the monopoly which they have had in supplying the circulating paper, but also for the privilege which they have long exercised of dictating the financial policies of the Government, a matter of inestimable importance to them.

Able as they are to control the votes of the richer and more populous States, through their representatives in Congress, we need not expect to see for some time any material progress made in divorcing the Government from the banks. But the financial question will never be finally settled until that is done, for while the relationship continues between the banks and the Government, the banks will be a power in Congress and a potent and assertive factor in our national politics. Before it can be settled the bank must be taken out of Congress and out of politics.

In the disposition of the bonds which have been issued since the present administration came into power we have had a pretty good illustration of the influence those banks exercise in directing the action of those who have charge of our national finances. The first two issues of bonds were taken by the banks, which held off for some time and sulked because they were not employed and paid a commission for placing the bonds. But they were placated in some way and finally took the bonds themselves, which they afterwards placed to suit themselves and made a handsome profit by the transactions. The last issue was put in the hands of a syndicate of bankers who managed them in their own way and have since, in consequence of some understanding with them, been running the gold reserve until quite recently when the syndicate dissolved. When the withdrawals began from the Treasury the public didn't look to see what the Secretary of the Treasury was going to do, but what the syndicate was going to do, and the gentlemen who had charge of the Treasury felt easy in the belief that the syndicate would take care of the reserve and maintain the credit of the Treasury. That wasn't a very creditable position for this Government to be placed in, but that is the position it was placed in by this partnership between it and the banks.

There is but one way out of this predicament and that is by getting back within constitutional limitations and let the Government attend to its business of coining the gold and silver that may be brought to the mints, as it did up to 1878, without any discrimination against either metal, thus supplying the people with the metallic money they may need, and let the bank notes be issued under State laws as they were up to the time of the establishment of the national bank system, which in its inception was intended to be only temporary. This is the only way of effectually divorcing the Government from the banking business, and it the only way of effectually settling the financial question, which will always be a subject of national agitation while it remains in the arena of national politics or national legislation.

But there is no prospect of anything of this kind until after the next Presidential election, for we must have a Congress and a President who are friendly to State banks and to silver, and the only course the friends of this financial emancipation can pursue is to agitate for this emancipation. The effort should continue earnestly for the restoration of silver and the restoration of the banks, for to this it must come at last before the Government can be freed from its entanglement and the money question be effectually settled.

MINOR MENTION.

Notwithstanding the revival in our industries and the improvement in business the business failures throughout the country are somewhat more numerous this year than for the corresponding period of last year, the liabilities being substantially the same. This is according to *Bradstreet's*, which reports a decrease in the New England States with a corresponding increase in the South and West. The New England States are a manufacturing section, which will doubtless partially account for the decrease in failures there, but they are also well supplied with money, which goes further to account for it. People who owed money found little difficulty in borrowing if their credit was good, and hence could meet their liabilities, while in the South and West the scarcity of money made borrowing difficult and made it impossible for many to pay their debts. In nine cases out of ten the cause assigned for failures in the South and West was "inability to collect." What better proof could we ask of the unequal distribution of money in this country than the disparity in the number of failures in the respective sections, notwithstanding the fact that the business men of the sections which report larger number show quite as much industry, energy and capacity for business as those in the sections reporting the smaller number, and what stronger argument could be adduced for a change in the monetary system which operates so unequally and so oppressively in some sections.

* * *

The exports of manufactures from this country are increasing annually, the increase being from $138,675,507 in 1889 to $183,595,743 during the seven months of this year from December to July. The same proportion kept up for the balance of the year would bring the figures up to $200,000,000. It is a somewhat significant fact that our manufacturers have exported more during this year of reduced protection than they did in any one year under protection, which bears out the prediction of tariff reformers that if the protective duties were reduced it would stimulate our manufacturers to make greater efforts to reach foreign markets and to cease depending so much on the home market and on the tribute imposed on American consumers for their profits. The articles which show up most in the list of exports are agricultural implements, which amount to $3,976,200; chemicals, drugs, &c., which amount to $4,897,187; manufactures of iron, which reach $18,553,701; and refined mineral oils amounting to $26,534,785. These were all on the protected list, and are less protected now than they were under the McKinley tariff. These are object lessons, which put an effective quietus on the contention of high tariff advocates that protection is absolutely necessary to the preservation of the manufacturing industries in this country.

* * *

Another pull of $1,500,000 Friday sent the gold reserve down to $92,706,067, the lowest figure reached since April. Since the middle of July last $32,450,000 have been withdrawn, but we are assured that was all in a "legitimate" way and not for "speculative" purposes, although we are not informed as to how the Treasury officials keep track of what is drawn for "legitimate" purposes and what for "speculation." It goes all the same, which is the main consideration, and it will continue to go while there is a demand for it, and it doesn't practically make any difference for what it goes. European Governments have been hoarding gold for some time, and while they hoard and offer any inducements to bring it to them it will go, and that little $100,600,000 reserve will stand no show. If we should sell more abroad than we buy some of it will come back, to return later on. While we try to keep up the gold reserve the Treasury will simply be a convenient receptacle of the gold it may pick up, by borrowing or otherwise, for the gold shippers to draw from as they may have use for gold and find a profit in shipping it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Let Irishmen continue to agitate, but not to threaten war. Under existing circumstances they run the risk of making themselves ridiculous without aiding Ireland.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— Perhaps Republican quarrels and the failure of the Republican party to size up to the reform issue upon which it came into power may lead to Republican defeat in New York in spite of the failure of the Democrats to restore party harmony. If the Democrats elect their ticket success will be chiefly due to Republican folly and not to any display of Democratic wisdom.—*Philadelphia Times, Ind.*

—— The Democrats had better keep a close watch on Senator Sherman and the Republican party if they don't want them to steal the Cuban business from them before they are aware of the danger. Sherman's remarks the other day favorable to the cause of Cuba were very significant of a policy. They are evidently looking for something popular to catch hold of in the campaign of next year, and the cause of Cuba evidently in sight of them at present.—*Lynchburg News, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Newbern *Journal*: Mr. Amos Willis, of Beaufort, died at Kinston at 4.15 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, September 26. It will be remembered that Mr. Willis was severely injured by a pile driver falling over and striking him on September 9th at the A. & N. C. R. R. bridge over Neuse river, near Kinston. Mr. Willis was foreman of the bridge force.

— Charlotte *Observer*: The large cotton mill at Mayodan, Rockingham county, is rapidly going up and will soon be completed. The capital and stock of the company is $800,000. The mill will have 15,000 spindles. —— Mr. E. Motz, of the Brewer mine, was up yesterday and brought with him a brick of gold which he had assayed at the mint. It weighed 60 odd ounces. Good ore is being gotten from the Frazier mine. Mr. McDowell was in yesterday and talked enthusiastically of prospects.

— Louisburg *Times*: On last Sunday while a number of boys were bathing in Tar River, one Randolph Collins (colored), from Henderson, employed on the new hotel building as hod-carrier, was overcome with cramp and drowned. Mr. G. W. Ford, assisted by a number of young men, both white and colored, dragged the river and the body was discovered and brought ashore. But it was then too late for the efforts of the physicians present to arial anything, as the man had been some time dead.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mr. Ed Chambers Smith said yesterday, when questioned by a reporter of the *News and Observer*, that between 200 and 600 names had been signed to the call for the late silver convention; and left on the reporter's mind the impression that it was not improbable that a list of the signers would be printed at some future day. He drew out a package of letters six inches high, some of which he read. They were full of lofty sentiment, and each one told as how it was that the writers were coming dead sure. These signers may be somewhat celebrated in the years to come.

— Raleigh *Press-Visitor*: The effects of the long-continued drouth are fast becoming serious to the crops. Farmers say that the tops of the cotton plants are completely "fired" and the top bolls ruined. The bottom bolls are all opening at once and the crop will be out in two weeks. All growing crops, they say, are much hurt, but the most serious effect of the dry weather will be on cotton. —— About 1.30 p. m. yesterday a lady observed clouds forming in the North which attracted attention as a good prospect for rain, and while looking she observed an object in the form of an arrow, with a beautiful silvery appearance, gracefully descending from the clouds. She called the attention of others to witness the phenomena, which soon disappeared behind the trees. But as they still gazed there appeared a cloud of smoke, indicating an explosion. From under the cloud in the same direction there ascended many bright, beautiful, silvery stars, which seemed to pass in and out of the cloud with dazzling beauty.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Truth always travels in the middle of the road, no matter whom it meets.

— We cannot too often think that there is a never sleeping eye that reads the heart and registers our thoughts.—*Bacon.*

— Whether happiness may come or not, one should try and prepare one's self to do without it.—*George Eliot.*

— Heaven is very far removed from the man who studies his prayer book when the contribution box passes his way.—*Chicago Times-Herald.*

— Faith not only leads to work, but the effort to work leads to faith. Always the deepest religious experience is born of the strongest moral purpose.

— True peace consists only in the possession of God, and the possession of God here below is only to be found in submission to the faith and in obedience to the law.—*Fenelon.*

— Christian faith is a grand cathedral with dimly pictured windows. Standing without, you see no glory, nor can possibly imagine any; standing within, every ray of light reveals a harmony of unspeakable splendor.—*Hawthorne.*

— Be reverent in church. Don't laugh and talk. Remember that holiness becometh the house of God. Seek to have a prayerful spirit. Let the will control your conduct, if necessary. Say, "I will be thoughtful, prayerful and attentive to the Word while in the sanctuary."—*Epworth Era.*

TWINKLINGS

— A man's greatness is assured the moment his autograph begins to command a price.—*Chicago Post.*

— How did you find your uncle, Johnnie?
In apple pie order.
How's that?
Crusty.—*Tid Bits.*

— Wiggins—"Why have you let your alarm clock run down?"
Fussy—"Why, the surprise of not hearing the gong go off always wakes me up with a start nowadays."—*Pearson's Weekly.*

— The Bitter One—I tell you a man changes his mind about his friends and enemies.
"How so old man?"
"His enemies stop hitting him when he's down, but it's then his friends begin."—*Life.*

MY OWN.

MARY W. PLUMMER.

Brown heads and gold around my knee
Dispute in eager play,
Sweet, childish voices in my ear
Are sounding all the day;
Yet, sometimes in a sudden hush,
I seem to hear a tone
Such as my little boy's had been
If I had kept my own.

And when, ofttimes, they come to me,
As evening hours grow long,
And beg me winningly to give
A story or a song,
I see a pair of star-bright eyes
Among the others shine—
The eyes of him who ne'er has heard
Story or song of mine.

At night I go my rounds and pause
Each white-draped cot beside,
And not how flushed is this one's cheek,
How that one's curls lie wide;
And to a corner tenantless
My swift thoughts fly apace—
That would have been, if he had lived,
My other darling's place.

The years go fast; my children soon
Within the world of men
Will find their work, and venture forth,
Not to return again;
But there is one who cannot go—
I shall not be alone;
The little boy who never lived
Will always be my own.

WONDERFUL GOLD LEAF.

How It Is Manufactured and Some of Its Peculiarities.

The process by which gold is made into thin leaves is called gold beating. As yet the use of machinery for this purpose is very limited, nearly all gold leaf being beaten by hand.

First the gold is cast into oblong ingots about three-fourths of an inch in width and weighing two ounces each. These ingots are passed between polished steel rollers and flattened out into ribbons of about an eight-hundredth of an inch in thickness. The ribbons are softened by heat and cut into pieces an inch square.

One hundred and fifty of these pieces are placed between vellum leaves, one piece above another, and the entire pile is inclosed in a double parchment case and beaten with a 16 pound hammer until the inch pieces are extended to 4 inch squares. They are then taken from the case, and each square is cut into four pieces. The pieces thus obtained are then placed between gold beater's skin—a delicate membrane prepared from the large intestine of the ox—made into piles, inclosed in a parchment case and again beaten, but with a hammer of lighter weight.

Still the leaves are not thin enough, and once more each leaf is cut into four pieces and again beaten. This last quartering and beating produces 2,400 leaves, and the thickness of each leaf is about one two-hundred-thousandths of an inch. Gold is so malleable that it is possible to obtain a still greater degree of thinness, but not profitably.

These thin leaves are taken up with wood pinchers, placed on a cushion, blown out flat and carefully cut into squares 3¼ inches in size. The squares are placed between the leaves of paper books, which have previously been rubbed with red chalk to prevent adhesions of the gold, each paper book containing 25 squares or leaves of gold, and in this form the leaf is sold, not by weight, but by a superficial measure.—Philadelphia Times.

WHY DOGS BARK.

A Writer Affords an Explanation as Given to Him by an Indian.

In writing of the native dogs of Central America, Frederick Boyle brings forward a theory as to how dogs form the habit of barking. He was discussing with an old resident of the country some traits of the coyote, as the native wolf is called, but which more nearly resembles the dog.

Dogs will never go wild so long as they can find a master to serve, and more especially trained dogs. The coyote never barks, and only gallops when pursued.

"Why don't these coyotes bark like other dogs?" I asked an old Indian, pointing to one I was trying to reclaim. "And why do they only howl and the pups grunt?"

His answer was, "He won't learn."

"Not learn?" said I. "What do you mean?"

"No," he replied, "not learn, for if he were of an honest breed he would bark, to try to imitate his master, or, at all events, the other dogs, but all barking proceeds from dogs imitating their master's shout. The master shouts to drive in cattle to the corral, and the dog barks also. In fact, the dog imitates his master when he barks; he tries to speak, but cannot."

I give this curious observation as the only attempt I ever heard to account for the barking of our tame dogs. No wild breeds make any noise except howling and snarling, nor, under the best circumstances, will they learn to bark until the third or fourth generation.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Glass Houses.

There were whole streets in Tyre entirely occupied by glass works, and it is stated that the first glass houses were erected in Tyre. The glass houses of Alexandria were highly celebrated for the ingenuity and skill of their workmen and the extent of their manufactures.

Layard, in writing about his discoveries among the ruins of Nineveh and Babylon, says: "In one chamber were found two entire glass bowls, with fragments of others. These bowls are probably of the same period as the small bottle found in the ruins of the northwest palace during the previous excavations, and now in the British museum. On this highly interesting relic is the name of Sargon, with his title of king of Assyria, in cuneiform characters, and the figure of a lion. We are, therefore, able to fix its date to the latter part of the seventh century B. C. It is consequently the most ancient known specimen of transparent glass."—Boston Herald.

A Bit of Black.

Nothing is complete without its bit of black. It is a bit of cunning the French have taught us and is most valuable, for it immediately adds the touch we have strived for. No matter what the color or material if not pointelle or stripped with black, a bunchy black chou, bands of ribbon or pipings of satin are used. There are no end of means of decoration, and all most effective too. So universal has this fashion become that neither frock nor bonnet escapes it.—Boston Traveller.

Heavy Sermon.

Mason—Why does Jason prefer taking a walk on Fifth avenue on Sunday morning to going to church?

Payson—He says he likes to read sermons in stones rather than to listen to sermons from sticks.—New York Herald.

Alcohol was first distinguished as an elementary substance by Albucasis, in the twelfth century.

The strait of Juan de Fuca was named after an old Greek sailor who explored its shores in 1592.

Hundreds of patents have been issued to inventors of water gas.

A hunting horn cost in Spain in 1537 a little over 75 cents.

IN PARADISE.

A mother came to the gateway of heaven. She was aged and weary. Her body was bowed, and her face wrinkled and withered, for her burden had been the burden of care and trouble and sorrow. So she was glad to be done with life and to seek at the gateway of heaven the fulfillment of the promise that had been her solace through all the hard, bitter years.

An angel met the mother at the gateway and put her arms about the drooping figure and spoke gracious, tender words.

"Whom seekest thou?" asked the angel.

"I seek my dear ones, who came hither before me," answered the mother. "They are very many—my father, my mother, my husband, my children. They are all here together, and for many and weary years I have lived in my loneliness, with no other things to cheer me but the thought that I should follow them in good time."

"Yes; they are here, and they await thee," said the angel. "Lean upon me, dear mother, and I will lead thee to them."

Then the angel led the mother through the garden of paradise, and the angel and the mother talked as they walked together.

"I am not weary now," said the mother, "and my heart is not troubled."

"It is the grace of heaven that restoreth thee, dear mother," quoth the angel. "Presently thou shalt be filled with the new life, and thou shalt be young again, and thou shalt sing with rapture, and thy soul shall know the endless ecstasy of heaven."

"Alas, I care not to be young again!" saith the mother. "I care only to find and to be forever with my beloved ones."

As they journeyed in their way a company came to meet them. The mother saw and knew her dear ones, even though the heavenly life had glorified their countenances the mother knew them, and she ran to greet them, and there was great joy to her and to them. Meanwhile the angel kept steadfastly by her side.

Now the mother, when she had embraced her dear ones, looked at each of them separately once more, and then she said: "Ye are indeed my beloved—my mother, my father, my husband and my children! But there is one who should be of your company whom I do not see—my babe, my little helpless babe that came hither alone so many, many years ago. My heart fainteth, my breast yearneth for that dear little lamb of mine! Come, let us go together and search for her; or await me here under these pleasant trees while I search and call in this fair garden for my dear, lost little babe!"

The others answered never a word. But the angel said, "I will go with thee, mother, and together we shall find thy child."

As they went on their way the angel said: "Shall I tell thee of myself? For I was a little helpless babe when I came hither to this fair garden and into this heavenly life."

"Perchance thou knowest her, my precious lambkin!" cried the mother.

"I was a babe when I came hither," said the angel. "See how I am grown, and what happiness hath been mine! The compassion of divinity hath protected and fostered me and hath led me all these years in the peace that passeth all human understanding. God hath instructed me in wisdom, and he shall instruct thee, too, for all who come hither are as children in his sight and they shall grow in wisdom and in grace eternally."

"But my babe—my own lost little one, whom I have not held in these arms for so many weary years—shall she not still be my little babe, and shall I not cradle her in my bosom?" asked the mother.

"Thy child shall be restored to thee," said the angel, "for she yearneth for thee even as thou yearnest for her. Only with this difference, dear mother: Thy child hath known, in the grace of the heavenly wisdom, that at the last thy earthly sorrow should surely be rewarded with the joys of the endless reunion in paradise!"

"Then she hath thought of me and longed for me to come," cried the mother, "and my lost babe shall be restored and shall know her mother again!"

"Aye, she loveth thee fondly," said the angel, "and she hath awaited thy coming, lo, these many years. Presently thine eyes shall be opened, and thou shalt see her standing before thee in her heavenly raiment, whiter than snow, and about her neck thou shalt see her wearing most precious pearls—the tears which thou hast shed, oh, lonely mother, and which are the pearls the little ones in heaven gather up and cherish as an adornment most pleasing unto God and them."

Then the mother felt that her eyes were opened, and she turned and looked upon the angel, and the mother saw that angel was her lost beloved child whom she was seeking—not the helpless babe that she had thought to find, but a maiden of such heavenly beauty and gentleness as only the dwellers in paradise behold and know. And the mother spread her arms and gave a great cry of joy and folded her very dear one to her bosom.

Then presently they returned together to the others. And there was rapturous acclaim in paradise, and it was to God's sweet pleasance that it was so, for a mother and her beloved communed in the holy companionship of love everlasting.—Chicago Record.

Satanists and Luciferists.

There is a row between the Satanists and Luciferists of Paris. The former are moral anarchists, while the latter assert that they follow an ancient faith with dogmas and rites. The Luciferist high priestess, Mme. Lucie Claraz, who calls herself Deodato Lucif, being accused by the Satanist journal, Le Diable au Vingtieme Siecle, of embezzling certain funds and devoting them to abominable mysteries, has brought a suit for libel before the ninth chamber of the tribunal of the Seine.—New York Sun.

Rats' Teeth.

The teeth of rats are kept sharp by a very peculiar provision of nature. The outer edge of the incisors is covered with a layer of enamel as hard as flint, while the under side is much softer. The layers of enamel on the under side therefore wear away much faster than those on the upper surface, and a keen cutting edge is always presented.

Alas!

She—I have an instinctive feeling that I can trust you.

He (passionately)—Ah, my darling, would that some others felt that way!—New York Herald.

Not Happily Expressed.

New Office Boy—A man called here to thrash you a few minutes ago.

Editor—What did you say to him?

"I told him I was sorry you weren't in."—Life.

Absentminded.

Customer (with chapped hands)—Have you anything that will drive away chaps?

Druggist (man of family)—Yes, I keep a dog.—New York Weekly.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve a poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 3p

TAMPERING WITH MAILBAG LOCKS.

A Telltale Mechanism Which Makes Successful Thefts Almost Impossible.

The locks on the mail pouches are so constructed that it is impossible to open one without its betraying the secret. There is a little dial on the lock, and every time the lock is opened the figures on the dial move up one. Suppose, for instance, that the register shows 1,147 at the point of departure, and that when the pouch is delivered at the point of destination the lock is opened, the register will then show 1,148. This increase of one is made for each trip of the pouch, and eventually the number reached is 9,999, which in an average bag requires 33 years to reach. The bag is then taken apart, and the numbers are reset.

These locks were first introduced in 1881, and a mail clerk made a bold attempt to rob a bag in transit, soon after their introduction. He took a small turning lathe in the mail car with him to aid in the scheme. After unlocking the bag he rifled the contents and connected up the lathe to the lock. His idea was to twist the numbers around until they were the same as before the lock was touched. He set the lathe humming and soon reeled off the numbers up to 9,999, when to his consternation the register remained at that figure and refused to move any more. The lock must be taken apart before it will start No. 1 again, but he did not know this. The trick was, of course, discovered and the guilty clerk punished. Since then the locks have never been tampered with.—New York World.

The Ad. Brought the Cat Back.

SIR—I lost a valuable cat—lost, strayed or stolen. I advertised for it in a prominent newspaper, but didn't get the cat back. Then I tried The News. You told me, as you put the cash for the advertisement in your money drawer, that you had no doubt the cat would see the ad. in The News and come back of herself. Within 36 hours from the appearance of the advertisement the cat appeared at my window and scratched to come in. I am not prepared to say whether the cat saw the ad. herself and acted on it or whether some one found her, picked her up and dropped her in my yard after seeing the ad. At any rate the cat came back, and I feel grateful to The News.—Letter in Providence News.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	5¼
Standard	7¼	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26	@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	8 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal	55	@	55½
COTTON TIES, ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State	27	@	19
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	21
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		6¼
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen		@	16
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3 ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 65	@	3 75
Fine Patents		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	57½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	58
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	54
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	54
Oats, from store		@	37½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas	70	@	75
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	46
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	3	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	8½	@	9@
North Carolina	8½	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	23
" " in bbls		@	22
" Porto Rico, in hhds	26	@	27½
" " in bbls	28	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	25
NAILS, ₩ keg. Cut, 60d basis		@	2 50
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City mess	14 00	@	14 50
Rump		@	13 50
Prime		@	14 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	32
SALT, ₩ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	58
Lisbon		@	65
A. rica		@	65
50 to 125 ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES Cypress, ₩ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Sap	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	4½	@	4¾
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	2 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	30	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	20	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 50	@	4 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	3	@	3½
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	1 05
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 05
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	16
Clear of burr	13½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Dull and no sales at 25¼ cents per gallon for country and steady with sales at 25¾ cents for machine made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 12½ per bbl for Strained and $1 17½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20; Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Market closed steady on a basis of 8¾c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7¾	" "
Low Middling	8 1-16	" "
Middling	8¾	" "
Good Middling	8 15-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	2,315 bales
Spirits Turpentine	133 casks
Rosin	430 bbls
Tar	459 bbls
Crude Turpentine	41 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 28—Evening—Money on call to-day was easy at at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 488¼@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486¼@487¼. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 112¾; United States twos 96¼ bid. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 102 bid; North Carolina sixes 125 bid. Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 67@67¾.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, September 28—Evening. Cotton quiet; middling gulf 9¼c; middling 8¾c.

Cotton futures closed very steady; September 8 64, October 8 64, November 8 69, December 8 76c, January 8 84, February 8 89@8 91, March 8 97, April 9 03@9 03, May 9 07@9 09. Sales 378,500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts —— bales; gross 3,357 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 2,254 bales; forwarded 1,184 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 74 bales; stock (actual) 154,329 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 28,856 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,727 bales; to France 6,050 bales, to the Continent 8,810 bales; stock 449,235.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 327,463 bales; exports to Great Britain 64,203 bales; exports to France 6,837 bales; exports to the Continent 27,422 bales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Evening.—Flour to day was quiet and firm; winter wheat, low grades $2 15@2 50; fair to fancy $3 60@3 25; patents $3 30@3 50; Minnesota clear $3 50@2 90; patents $3 20@4 10; low extra $2 15@2 50, city mills $3 75@4 00; do patents $4 00@4 25. Southern flour was quiet and steady, common to fair extra $2 00@2 70; good to choice $2 80@3 10. Wheat—spot market firmer and more active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 66¾c; afloat 67¾c; f o b 67¾, options opened easy and lost ¾c, rallied ¾c, closing stong at ⅞@1c over yesterday with a slow trade; No.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A.

A LADY'S TOILET
Is not complete without an ideal
COMPLEXION
POWDER.
POZZONI'S
Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.
Insist upon having the genuine.
IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Sores,	Stiches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Quarter needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is in a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

Sketch of the Twentieth N. C. Regiment

BY

Brig. Gen. Thomas F. Toon.

I cannot write a history of the Twentieth North Carolina Regiment. Initiated at Seven Pines, sacrificed at Gettysburg, surrendered at Appomattox—epochs too widely sundered to be bridged over by consecutive history of all the great sacrifices made, suffering and privation borne, with unflinching heroism, heroic achievements, bloody victories, and grand triumphs—instances of individual daring and unswerving fidelity to duty—after a lapse of thirty years, when so many noble hearts of the Twentieth Regiment have passed to that shore where wars cease, and no history can invade the ever present, blissful *now*. So many too anxious to forget the fitful shadows of that dream, "too bright to last," have sealed their lips and refuse to speak. How can even a sketch be made? Sharing fully in the varying fortunes of war, we can rest upon the assurance that the history of any regiment of Garland's, Rhodes', Early's, Ewell's, Hill's, Jackson's and Lee's leading, is in the main the history of the Twentieth North Carolina.

I will not attempt to make a display of imaginary history, embellished by thirty years of afterthought, or supply the deficiencies of facts or memory by substituting circumstances which never conspired to actual facts.

Such facts as I can collect I desire to arrange in some order consistent with happenings. I cannot do justice to a single brave soldier of the regiment, and can only recollect the smallest part of that which ought to be written of the noble Twentieth North Carolina Regiment.

I therefore beg any one who knows of an error in this sketch to inform me, that I may have it corrected before it is incorporated into book form. Additions and corrections asked for, and such will not be taken as criticisms, but favors. I have written many letters to different ones of the companies of this regiment, but received replies from only a few. Many to whom I have written could have given information which would be valuable in this connection if only dates, locations, or incidents of the march, but they did not appreciate the value of their information because they consider it disconnected. Those who *make* history ought to say what *is* history.

The 20th N. C. Regiment comprised companies from the counties of Brunswick, Columbus, Cabarrus, Duplin and Sampson, stationed at Smithville and Fort Caswell, as follows:

Brunswick Guards, Capt. Jno. S. Brooks.

Columbus Guards No. 1, Capt. J. B. Stanley; Columbus Guards No. 2, Capt. William H. Toon; Columbus Guards No. 3, Capt. B. Smith.

Cabarrus Guards, Capt. Nelson Slough; Cabarrus Black Boys, Capt. J. B. Atwell.

Duplin Greys, Capt. C. B. Denson.

Sampson No. 1, Capt. Uz. Cox; Sampson No. 2, Capt. C. L. Chesnut; Sampson No. 3, Capt. Alex. Faison.

In the summer of 1861 (exact date unknown, probably August 10, 1861,) the organization of the regiment took place by the election of: Colonel, Alfred Iverson, of Georgia, Post Commandant; Lieutenant Colonel, Frank Faison, of Sampson county, N C.; Major, W. H. Toon, of Columbus county, N. C.; Adjutant, R. P. James, of Duplin county, N. C.; Captain Quartermaster, R. S. Harriss, of Cabarrus county, promoted from Co. B; Captain Commissary, Charles McDonald, of Company B; Surgeon, Dr. J. A. Bizzel, of Sampson county; Assistant Surgeons, W. B. Meares, of Wilmington, and Dr. Purcell, of Sampson county; Chaplains, Rev. J. A. Sprunt, of Sampson county, and Rev. Mr. ——, of Cabarrus county; Sergeant Major, D. J. Broadhurst, of Duplin county.

The following were the promotions and changes in the field and staff officers of the regiment: Col. Alfred Iverson, wounded at Cold Harbor, promoted to Brigadier General in 1863; Col. Thomas F. Toon, wounded at Chancellorsville, Spotsylvania, and Petersburg, promoted to Colonel from Captain of Company K, in 1863, and to Brigadier General in 1864; Lt. Col. Franklin J. Faison, killed at Cold Harbor May 27, 1862; Lt. Col. Wm. H. Toon, resigned December, 1862; Lt. Col. Nelson Slough, resigned February 26, 1863; Major Wm. H. Toon; Major Nelson Slough, promoted from Captain of Company A; Major Jno. S. Brooks, promoted from Captain of Company G, February 26, 1863, killed at Spotsylvania May 12, 1864; Major D. J. DeVane, promoted from Captain of Company I.

Adjutant J. F. Ireland promoted to Captain Company D. Adjutant Ed S. Moore transferred from Baker's Cavalry.

Sergeant Major, Thos. W. Broadhurst, Company E; Quartermaster Sergeant, Jas. H. Benton, Company H, Orderly to Colonel; Jerry M. Kistler, Company C, and Benjamin M. Duncan, Company K.

The Regimental band was composed as follows: Charles Heebner (leader), D. R. Coleman, Henry Giddens, Jesse W, Lane, Lewis Giddens, John B. Lane, Amos A. Campbell, Thomas Stevenson, Marcus Bradley and J. C. Benson—from the counties of Cabarrus, Sampson and Wayne. These faithful men cheered our hearts and beguiled many a weary hour, and were kind to many a wounded reb. It was upon the application of D. R. Coleman for a furlough that Gen. D. H. Hill endorsed "shooters before tooters," During the fall of '62 the band played "Dixie" one evening at dress parade. The Yankee band on the other side of the river repeated it. The Twenty-sixth band played "Yankee Doodle;" then both bands joined in "Home Sweet Home." There was many a moist eye when the music ceased.

The Roster of North Carolina Troops gives with some degree of accuracy the changes in commissioned and non-commissioned officers of each company, and considerable information relative to the killed and wounded, which I do not deem necessary to insert here. The sources from which Mr. Moore compiled that work I know were meager and it must have required great pains and labor to collect in order what he has given. It was greatly a labor of love, and is a credit to North Carolina, showing the laudable desire to perpetuate the names and deeds of her brave sons.

The regiment remained on duty at Smithville (now Southport), Fort Caswell and Wilmington, detailed by companies or as a whole, until June, 1862. The duties were neither dangerous or burdensome, in fact the men of the regiment became restless under their inaction and urged to be sent where they could take part in the glorious triumphs which made famous the Army of Virginia, and they, too, longed to snatch from the shock of battle, the clash of resounding arms, the sulphurous canopy and din of courageous conflict, glimpses of bright laurels the future historian would weave around the ensanguined brow of those who for their country dare to do or die. Whether or not an expression of this feeling had any effect in hurrying their departure from the peaceful shores of North Carolina I do not know. At any rate we left North Carolina and arrived at Richmond a few days before the battle of Seven Pines, one thousand and eleven strong, rank and file. Placed in Garland's Brigade, camping on the Williamsburg road. On May 31st, on the left of Williamsburg Road, we were initiated into the realities of a soldier's life.

Inspired by Rhodes on our right and Anderson supporting and protecting our left, the regiment entered into the fight with spirit and unflinching courage and faithfully to the 1st abatis added to the laurels of our noble Brigadier General and our State. The first man wounded was Alonzo Williamson, Company K., the ball passing through him and striking T. F. Toon, then Captain of Co. K., slightly wounding him; W. R. Williamson was also wounded. During this fight D. H. Hill's Division did the greater part of the fighting, he losing more than one-third of his effective strength.

Mechanicsville, Thursday, June, 26.—The scene around Mechanicsville was not to cheer raw troops, by any means, dead or dying artillery horses, booming cannon, shot, shell bursting, and some large white eyes, and occasionally some requests: "Captain, if I am killed you will find money in my left-hand breeches pocket to send my body home," showing interesting realization of surrounding circumstances but no fear.

Gaines Mill, June 27, 1862. Corporal Kiah P. Harriss, Company A; Alfred Litaker, Company B; Corporal W. B. Collins, Company D; Corporal Caleb M. Spivey, Company D, were killed. Sergeant J. Peterson, Company E; C. C. Little, Company G, were wounded.

Cold Harbor, June 27. Fought Sykes' regulars. Garland occupied the left of our line, entered in good order and style, charged and captured a battery twice—turned it upon the enemy with telling effect.

I recall the names of Lieut. Col. Frank J. Faison, Capt. Henry C. Smith, Lieut. Arthur N. Jones, Calvin Meares, Elisha Bullard, Elias Bullard and others, Company C; Mc. Shaw, Donnie Stephens, George S. Reaves and T. T. McIntire killed. Capt John S. Brooks, Col Iverson, Capt T. F. Toon and W. D. Cherry, wounded.

In the Century, Vol. II, battles and leaders of the civil war, General S. Garland accords to the Twentieth North Carolina the honor of deciding the fate of the day by this charge and capture. After the various conflicts mentioned the regiment returned with the division to camp on the York River Railroad below Richmond. Left there by Gen. Lee to watch the remaining force of McClellan to join the army on the march against Pope as soon as those troops left Westoyer. In July or August we left camp for the army of the Northern Virginia and were engaged watching Porter and holding his force in check while the battle of Mannassas was being fought.

On the 14th day of September, 1862, was fought the battle of South Mountain or Boonsboro, which Gen. Hill called a battle of delusions. When ready to make disposition of his small force to dispute the passage of the Union army at that Thermopolæ, he found Garland at the Mountain House. He was directed to the summit of the mountain at Fox's Gap, his force less than one thousand men. About 9 o'clock he encountered Cox's Division about three times as many. In this battle the 20th was unflinchingly suffering from the deadly fire of a Union battery. Capt. Atwell, of Company B, with his skirmishes, killed the commanding officer of the battery, but were unable by reason of the character of the ground and the force opposed to them to secure the guns. In this fight Capt. Atwell, of Company B, was killed. He was an intelligent, high-toned gentleman, an able officer and brave soldier. Gen. Garland's death renders the place solemnly historic to our brigade. Capt. L. T. Hicks, of Company E, says that the enemy came within fifteen feet before the regiment retreated down the mountain, which, being so steep the enemy fired over our heads. A part of this company and several from other companies of the 20th were separated from the command, during which time their rations were green corn from the cob. Capt. Hicks, by permission, attached this mixed crowd, of which he had assumed command, to Gen. Hay's troop, and they faithfully did their duty as brave soldiers. A pet dog belonging to Hay's men was crazed with the noise and confusion of battle. A cannon ball cut the top out of a large oak, which in falling imprisoned a skulker behind the tree. His cries for help were answered by the dog. I never saw a poor reb's pants torn so badly since. He suffered more than he would have had he gone into the fight. At the battle of Sharpsburg the Bloody Lane tells its own story. Assisting our commanding General to do all he set out to do, worn out with marching, fighting, starving and suffering, we re-crosed the Potomac and went into camp at Bunker Hill. Leaving Bunker Hill October 30th, arrived at Apperville November 3rd, and Front Royal November 5th; waded the Shenandoah the night of November 6th, heavy snow on the ground; then operating between the forks of the Shenandoah guiding the passes in direction of the enemy, and threatening Gen. McLellan's flank and rear. Those friends who so kindly cared for the sick Confederate soldiers ought to be remembered wherever they were, but we especially ought to thank Mr. G. W. Timberlake near Winchester for special service to members of my regiment. While sick at his house and threatened capture by an advancing enemy, he risked his own safety to pilot us through a mountain road to our army. To her, that noble wife and mother of that Christian household, to her sweet child and daughter "Evelyn," a sick soldiers' heart will ever turn with warmest affection and gratitude. Florence Nightengale may have more praise, but was never truer or more devoted than were these fit representatives of the women of the Valley. Leaving the Valley by route indicated above, crossed Blue Ridge Mountain, think at Brown's Gap, and marched to Fredricksburg, thence to Port Royal at Corbin's farm. We spent the Winter or part of it resting, eating government rations and luxuries at, sutler's prices when we could afford it, with an occasional box from loving ones at home, when that box could thread the intricasies of transportation then in vogue, and escape the ravages of hungry employes. On December 12th we began to cook two days rations and have them in our haversacks to move at a moments warning. Hurrying from camp near Port Royal we arrived during the night of the 13th of December in front of Fredricksburg. At Hamilton's Crossing our division was held in reserve. The first man wounded here was W. H. Enjer, of Co. C. by a shell. My regiment filled part of the space which was occasioned by Archer's repulse. The regiment was commanded by Major M. Slough. After months of careful preparation and upon a field of his own selection, Gen. Burnsides was forced to acknowledge Lee master of the situation. Lee in turn generously gives the credit to his brave soldiers and the honor to God. Back into Winter quarters again to rest as best we could. Corbin's farm camp was the scene of some changes in our regiment.

[To be Continued.]

A BIRTHDAY.

My heart is like a singing bird
Whose nest is in a watered shoot;
My heart is like an apple tree
Whose boughs are bent with thickset fruit;
My heart is like a rainbow shell
That paddles in a halcyon sea;
My heart is gladder than all these
Because my love is come to me.

Raise me a dais of silk and down:
Hang it with vair and purple dyes;
Carve it in doves and pomegranates
And peacocks with a hundred eyes;
Work it in gold and silver grapes,
In leaves and silver fleurs-de-lis,
Because the birthday of my life
Is come; my love is come to me.
—Christina G. Rossetti.

A CRIME TO LAUGH.

Queer Sunday Laws of 1781 That Still Govern England's Lord's Day.

The introduction of the Sunday bill by Lord Hobhouse brings up the fact that we are governed in respect to Sunday observations by an act of the year 1781.

It seems that a Sunday lecture can always be made the subject of prosecution. Some time ago a Sunday lecturer at Leeds was actually sacrilegious enough to make his audience laugh. The proprietor of the lecture hall was thereupon prosecuted for keeping a disorderly house.

Music can now be given in the open air on Sunday, but if it is given in a room nothing must be charged for chairs. In other words, it will be possible for any body of men and women to run Sunday concerts and Sunday lectures with the view of making them pay expenses, but not for their own profit.

In the years 1200 and 1201 one Eustace, abbot of Flaye, preached throughout England the observance of the Lord's day. He enjoined that no kind of work should be done after the ninth hour on Saturday until sunrise on Monday.

According to the manner of the times his preaching was backed up by miracles. At Beverly a carpenter persisting in finishing a wedge after the ninth hour fell down in paralysis. In the same town a woman went on with her weaving after the ninth hour. Result, paralysis, with loss of voice.

At Rafferton a man made a loaf and baked it on Saturday evening. When he broke it on Sunday morning, blood started from it. At Wakefield a miller, grinding after hours, ground out blood instead of flour.

In Lincolnshire a woman made a loaf and put it in the oven. It remained dough! In the same county a pious woman, finding it was the ninth hour, set aside her loaves. Lo! On Sunday morning the loaves were beautifully baked without any fire at all.

And yet, the chronicler adds, in spite of these miracles the people have returned to the holding of markets on the Sunday!—London Queen.

PRESERVED HIS AMERICANISM.

He Was Determined to Do as He Pleased, and He Did So.

When the conductor had looked at the ticket and punched it, he stooped over and stuck it in the hatband of the dignified fat man, at which the fat man became enraged.

"How dare you take such liberties with me?" he shouted. "Who told you to stick that ticket in my hat? Don't you see that I'm a man of importance and very sensitive? It's all very well to be fresh with the jays, but you haven't any right to insult me."

He took off his hat, removed the ticket and continued: "You think because you're a conductor on this road that you can get as gay as you like, but I'll teach you that you've got me to deal with, and I'm a taxpayer at that. You can't stick tickets in my hatband even if we are strangers, and you aren't aware of my social position."

He fumed for about an hour. Then the train passed Albany, and the conductor came around again. He took the ticket from the hand of the dignified fat man, punched it again and once more put it in his hatband absentmindedly.

"See here," the fat man roared, "didn't I tell you before not to stick that ticket there? That's a piece of gayness I wouldn't stand from my own father, and he's been dead five years. I'll report you to the boss of the whole road, and if he doesn't help me I'll gamble in the stock of the company and hammer it down so that they'll beg for mercy."

After they passed Utica the conductor repeated the performance with the ticket and the hatband. This was more than the dignified fat man could put up with. He jumped to his feet, grabbed the conductor by the collar and said he'd be blamed if he'd stand it any longer.

"That's all right," replied the conductor, "but it's a rule of the company. You've either got to keep it in your hatband or in your mouth. There is no alternative. If you prefer it, you can put it in your mouth, leaving the end in full view, so that I can see it as I pass by."

"Well," said the fat man stoutly—there is nothing strange in a fat man speaking stoutly, is there?—"well, then, I prefer to keep the ticket in my mouth. Being a free American citizen, I am determined to do as I blame please!" And he kept it in his mouth and preserved his Americanism.—New York Herald.

Forrest had a deep bass voice that seemed to come from the bottom of his chest.

In 1361 apples in Germany were worth $1 a thousand.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

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Terms reasonable. Apply to
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Near Alexandria, Virginia.
L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.
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OF THIS WELL-KNOWN SCHOOL FOR BOYS
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jy 28 3m su & we

Miss Alderman's Select School.

THIS SCHOOL WILL REOPEN ON THE first Monday in October (October 7th, 1895), in the same building. I will be assisted by Miss Daggett, and shall endeavor to give perfect satisfaction. For particulars apply to the Principal.
MARY ALDERMAN.
sept 22 3t su tu th su

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Rev. Daniel Morrelle, M. A.

The thirty-sixth (36) annual session of this School will begin (V. D.) Tuesday, the first of October, proximo. sep 20 2w

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	July 11, 1893.	July 11, 1894.	July 11, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$15,968	$29,049	$40,113
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,140	None.	None
Banking House, &c.....	15,600	15,000	13,500
Deposits.....	323,000	470,000	510,000

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892. aug 11 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

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August and September

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Office of the Secretary and Treasurer

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 24, 1895.

BY instructions of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Company the Treasurer will pay to all holders of record of this date three and a half per cent interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness of that Company. Interest due and payable October 1st, 1895.
JAS. F. POST, Jr.,
sept 25 6t Treasurer.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SEPT. 15TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:
Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 and 10.10 a. m., and 3.00, 5.00 and 7.00 p. m.
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m. and 4.00, 6.00 and 9.30 p. m.
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 6.30 p. m.
sep 17 tf OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

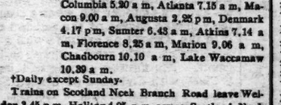
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND
8		7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 38	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 35
11 07	Lv.. Maysville.....Lv	3 51
11 22	Lv.. Pollocksville.....Lv	3 36
12 07	Ar.. Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a. m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manage
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPT 8, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 3.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.30 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.37 p m, †Tarboro 6.56 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 8.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 5.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m. St. Augusthe 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 3.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.18 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 2.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 3.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.50 p m, arrive Wilson 11.05 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 49 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 37 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 7.00 p m, arrive Bishopville 7 39 p m, Lucknow 8.10 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6.30 a m, Bishopville 7 00 a m; arrive Elliott 7 38 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 13 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m. returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 40 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 5.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.30 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.05 a m, 8.50 a m, 7.50 p m, Hartsville 8.45 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 5.00 p m, Cheraw 5.45 p m, Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 7 11 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 25 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.20 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.30 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 5.53 p m, Smithfield 8.08 p m, Dunn 8.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.58 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.59 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.38 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †6 11 a m, arrives Sumter †9 40 a m. Leave Sumter †9 50 a m, arrives Pregnalls †12 35 p m, Leaves Sumter 4 19 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m, Leaves Pregnalls †2 50 a m, orrives Sumter †5 40 p m, Leaves Sumter †6 15 p m, arrives Darlington †7 45 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 19 tf

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CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

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Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO
WILMINGTON N. C.

Telephone No

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, SEP. 28, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

Total Visible Supply of Cotton—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 28.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 2,284,590 bales, of which 2,050,890 bales are American, against 2,017,803 bales and 1,667,703 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 115,958 bales; receipts from the plantations 179,987 bales Crop in sight 441,403 bales.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell thirteen to fifteen points, but rallied, and some deliveries advanced one point. The closing was very steady, with some months unchanged for the day and others one point lower. The sales were 187,500 bales. Liverpool was firm and unchanged on the spot, with an active business embracing 12,000 bales; futures fell four and a half to five points and closed irregular. New Orleans declined seven points, but regained this and advanced eleven points. Port receipts 26,890 bales, against 21,753 a week ago, and 36,881 last year. Spot cotton was quiet and steady at 8⅞ cents for middling uplands, with sales of 74 bales for spinning. Port receipts for the coming week estimated at 210,000 bales, against 147,881 last week, and 244,837 last year. The New Orleans receipts on Monday are es timated at 12,000 to 14,000 bales, against 6,566 last week and 14,730 last year; receipts there next week are estimated at 50,000 bales, against 78,000 in the same week last year. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged.

To-day's features: The decline this morning was considered perfectly natural. The upward movement of prices has been too rapid in the judgment of many of the bulls themselves. There has been an extensive long liquidation, and sold out bulls wanted a reaction in order to get in again. And to-day, as soon as prices showed a good break, they did get in. In fact, so many wanted to get in that the decline was speedily recovered, and the tone at the close was firm, with prices just about where they stood last night. Liverpool continues active, and the South was by no means anxious to sell cotton. The crop movement, of course, is increasing, but the conviction is very general that the yield is small. In the early trading to-day there was heavy selling both for American and foreign account, but on the decline the market met a great many buying orders and it quickly rebounded. New Orleans was a liberal buyer. Outsiders were buying freely. In a word, the bull fever was still on. Many use the term "bull fever" in a depreciatory sense, but fighting the "bull fever" has been very expensive business for the past six months, while whoever has caught the bull fever has found it exceedingly remunerative. The crop reports in many cases continued unfavorable, the demand for consumption is good, and as already intimated the speculation continues on a large scale.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Higher—Pork and Lard Lower—Ribs Unchanged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Notwithstanding our wheat market closed yesterday at practically unchanged prices from the day before, Liverpool advices came forward this morning with 1d advance. This startled the trade not a little, but the bearish interest offered determined resistance to any responses and even succeeded in forcing a temporary decline. But under the leadership of one or two heavy operators, the bulls assumed an aggressive attitude and eventually changed the course. From that time until the close rising values were in order, very little opposition being encountered, the market closing with a net gain of 1⅜c for the day. December wheat opened from 61⅛ to 61¼c, sold between 60⅞ and 63¼c, closing at 63c—1⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was strong and 1½@2c higher.

Corn—It is true the business was wanting, but the tone was firm and prices advanced a little. May corn opened at 29⅞c, sold between 29⅜ and 29⅝c, closing at 29⅝@29¾—½@⅝c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ½@⅝c per bushel higher.

Oats—The short session was not conductive to activity in oats. October oats closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ¼c per bushel higher.

Provisions—The market was on the decline, save for a few moments at the start. It was somewhat surprising that this should be in the face of the strength of wheat and an advance in live hogs. It was believed the packers were engaged in forcing out some long stuff and that explanation was probably the key to the situation. Last week's report of receipts and shipments of hogs at Chicago showed an unusually large number remaining there, which fact was not construed in a favorable light. At the close October pork was 5c lower than yesterday, October lard 7½c lower and October ribs unchanged. Domestic markets were quiet and easier.

DIPHTHERIA IN ST. LOUIS.

Over Four Hundred Cases—Typhoid Fever Almost Epidemic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—There is no decrease in the number of diphtheria cases reported throughout the city, and it is estimated that nearly four hundred persons are suffering from the disease. The health officers are at a loss to account for the unusually large number of cases, but it is believed that the disease has been aggravated by the sudden and extreme change in the temperature during the past few weeks. Another reason given for the spread of the malady is the failure on the part of the physicians to promptly report the existence of diphtheria and the consequent lack of quarantine precausions. No abatement in the spread of typhoid fever is reported, and in some portions of the city the disease is almost epidemic.

BANK STATEMENT

Weekly Statement of Associated Banks.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve decrease, $147,325; loans decrease, $5,866,700; specie decrease, $393,100; legal tenders decrease $3,186,300; deposits decrease, $9 827,900; circulation increase, $301,500 The banks now hold $22,296,170 in excess of legal requirements.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 28¼@28¾c. Rosin fairly active and firm; strained common to good $1 45@1 50.

CHARLESTON, September 28.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 14 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10 @1 25; receipts 269 barrels.

SAVANNAH, September 28.—Spirits turpentine 25½c bid for regulars; sales 862 casks. Rosin firm, with sales of 2,000 barrels: A B C $1 15, D $1 25, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 65, K $1 75, M $2 10, N $2 60, window glass $2 85@2 90, water white $3 20@3 25.

CONSTITUTION MAKERS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA CONVENTION.

A Resolution of Sympathy for Cuban Patriots Offered and Referred to a Committee—The Dispensary Question Under Consideration.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, September 28.—In the Constitutional Convention to-day the first final action on any one article of the new Constitution, was taken. The article on the Executive Department, after having gone all through the tearing process of three readings, was adopted at exactly 12.12 p. m., and was sent to the Committee on Style and Revision, becoming thereby a part of the new document. It has taken the Convention exactly seventeen days to reach this stage of its work, but the members hope to push matters along now and complete everything within the next three years.

Another important feature of to day's work was the adoption of an amendment with the parliamentary clincher attached, changing the time of holding the sessions of the Legislature from November to January, and after the first four sessions have been held, limiting the duration of the pay of the members to forty days. This is a very radical change in the organic law of the State, but judging from the expressions made by many members on the floor, it will meet with much favor among the people.

An effort was made by Mr. Patton to pass a resolution sympathizing with the Cuban patriots in their efforts for independence, but it failed to get through and has been laid over for consideration on Monday.

The matter of putting the dispensary into the Constitution was called up, and Senator Tillman was about to present the following agreement provision, when the matter went over, owing to the absence of the father of the scheme: "The General Assembly shall never, however; license any person or corporatiou to sell intoxicating liquors or beverages by the drink, or except in unbroken packages of less than a pint, which shall not be opened or drunk on the premises where sold, and not to be sold between the hours of 7 o'clock in the evening and 5 o'clock in the morning, and not except in a house that has no door, or method of communicating with any other house, and in which no other merchandise is kept for sale."

It was decided that the Legislature meet on the second Tuesday in January instead of the fourth Tuesday in November. The following also passed: "Members of the General Assembly shall not receive any compe sation for more than forty days of any one session: Provided that this limitation shall not affect the first four sessions of the General Assembly under this Constitution."

Pending the settlement of the question as to whether the per diem of legislators should be $3.00 or $4.00; the Convention adjourned until Monday.

ATLANTA'S EXPOSITION.

Preparations for Reception of the Liberty Bell—Formal Opening of the Woman's Building and Other Interesting Events Next Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Sept 28.—Great preparations are being made here for the reception of the Liberty Bell. The day set apart is October 9th, when a committee will take charge of the bell and carry it to the Exposition grounds with a military escort, amid great pomp and pageant. The military parade will be organized with divisions of United States infantry and the militia of Georgia and other States,

Monday, September 30th, will be devoted to the formal opening of the Woman's Building at the Exposition. An elaborate programme has been prepared. Addresses will be delivered by Mrs. Joseph Thompson, President of the Association, J. Temple Graves and others. Music will be furnished by an orchestra of twenty-five young ladies of the Southern Female College.

The first week in October promises to be an important one at the Exposition. On Tuesday, October 1st, the Texas Press Association, the Southern Mining Convention and the Woman's Congresses will be in session. On Wednesday the Minnesota Press Association, one hundred and sixty strong, accompanied by the Governor of the State, will arrive. The same day the Georgia Bar Association will convene. Friday the Tennessee Press Association will arrive. On every day of the week some section of the Woman's Congresses will be in session.

To-day's attendance at the Exposition was the largest since the show opened, It was nearly 30,000. The show is only just completed and in shape for inspection, and the visitors are coming in by the thousands. To-night thousands of people saw the storming of Wei-Hai-Wei, pictured in fire at the grounds. The attendance is steadily increasing.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Two Men Killed and Several Others Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SANDY HOOK, September 28.—The breech-block of the 4 7-10 inch "Canet" rapid-fire gun blew out this afternoon while being fired for test, killing Corporal Doyle and Private Conway, and seriously wounding Private Coyne, while Private McDonald was slightly injured. Lieut. Montgomery, in charge of the gun, escaped miraculously. The gun which caused the accident was mounted about ten feet away from the Hotchkiss mount, which killed Lieut. Peck on February 19th last. To-day a rapid firing test of the Canet 4 7-10 inch gun, was in progress. One shot had been fired. Coyne had handed the second shot containing the charge to Conway who put it in the gun, and Doyle proceeded to close the breech-block, but he never finished it. The shell exploded prematurely.

After the accident it was found that the firing pin in the breech block had not gone back as it should have done, and that this pin must have struck the cap in the cartridge when Doyle caught it, and caused the accident. Lieutenant Montgomery at the time of the accident was standing alongside of the gun sighting it. He was not injured but his hearing was affected somewhat.

U. S. WARSHIPS.

Admiral Bunce's Squadron at Fort Monroe, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FORT MONROE, VA., Sept. 28.—Admiral Bunce evidently does not intend to give the newspapers another chance to accuse him of making junketing trips to popular summer resorts. He came in the capes this afternoon with the New York, Minneapolis, Raleigh, Columbia and Montgomery and anchored in Lynn Haven bay. The Raleigh came up within five miles and sent a launch ashore for mail, after which she returned to the squadron. The vessels have had excellent practice in fleet manouevres during the week with fine weather throughout. The squadron will remain at anchor over Sunday and go to sea for another week's practice, when the vessels will probably come here for coal and provisions.

The Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

IMPOSING DEMOCRATIC DEMONSTRATION AT COLUMBUS.

Ten Thousand Men in the Parade—Addresses by Ex-Gov. Campbell and Other Distinguished Speakers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 28.—The Democratic State Convention was opened here to-night with an imposing demonstration. It is believed that the procession of clubs was the greatest, in point of numbers participating in it, ever seen here on a similar political occasion. The procession was in seven large divisions, and was composed of sixty-six different clubs, representing the principal cities and towns of the State. The Randall Club also, of Pittsburg was in line. There were thirty-six bands in the parade and besides these fourteen drum corps. The parade was six miles long and contained probably 10,000 men. The marchers carried Roman candles, which were discharged as they went, while rockets were fired and colored lights burned along the rout, making a brilliant scene. Eighty Democratic editors of the State rode in the procession in two brilliantly lighted electric cars and two large camels from the Cincinnati Zoological Gardens had prominent places in the line.

The speeches were made from stands in the State House grounds, the orators being ex-Governor Campbell, John B. Peaslee, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, L. T. Neal, Col. Jas. Kilburne, of this city, J. A. Norton, John F. Follett, of Cincinnati, and John H. Clarke, of Youngstown. The latter, in his speech, made a severe criticism upon Senator Brice by the following allusion to his vote on the Wilson Tariff bill, at the conclusion of a resume of Democratic legislation.

"Yet I confess frankly that all was not done that might have been done—that should have been done by the Fifty-third Congress—nay, that would have been done had five U. S. Senators not proved recreant to the trusts reposed in them by the people. * * * And to what purpose should Democrats refuse to vote their party ticket because five Senators proved recreant to their trust? When these men had done their worst. They were found side by side with thirty-eight Republican members of the United States Senate—thus clearly establishing the position that the worst kind of a Democratic Senator is as good as the best kind of a Republican Senator.

The meeting was very enthusiastic, and is generally conceded to have been a success. If it can be regarded as a reliable information the Democrats of Ohio are certainly alive and enthusiastic.

UNABLE TO AGREE

The Convention of Southern Railroad Men.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The convention of representatives of Southern Railways and connecting lines, at the Waldorf Hotel, broke up in confusion to-day, and was hastily adjourned until October 15th, at the same place. There was the liveliest kind of a gathering, and the proceedings were anything but harmonious. The meeting was held behind closed doors and there was a hot debate when the new agreement came up for the signatures of the members. The representative of the Georgia and South Carolina Railroad refused to sign the agreement, and no amount of pressure could change his decision. This blocked all the business and in the interests of harmony it was decided to adjourn until October 15th, when it is thought the objections he offered may be overcome.

The new agreement affects the freight rates of almost every railroad in the South. The tie-up of the new agreement also postpones the election of a successor to Commissioner Stahlman of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, and Solomon Haas, assistant to President Spencer of the Southern Railway. The question of reorganizing the Southern Railway & Steamship Association is also postponed.

The members have been in session several days and frankly adknowledge that they have accomplished nothing, neither in the way of untangling the present muddled condition of the Southern roads or filling various vacancies existing. The former commissioner (Stahlman) said at the conclusion of the meeting that there were many ambitious men anxious to take his place for the emolument accompanying it.

Sol Haas, the retiring assistant to President Spencer of the Southern railway, said that the former commissioner (Stahlman) might be elected to succeed himself.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Friends of the Prize Fighters Hopeful That Gov. Culberson Will Not be Able to Prevent the Contest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28,—A special from Dallas, Texas, says: The Florida Athletic Club and its friends will make an appeal to the law-makers of the Twenty-Fourth Legislature not to pass a bill with an emergency clause attached prohibiting pugilistic exhibitions. A bill without the emergency clause would not take effect until January 1st, 1896. The club will show that it has made an investment of $70,000 in good faith and made contracts which must be met when there is no law to interfere with the enterprise on the statute books. It will take 21 of the 31 votes in the Senate and 86 of the 128 votes in the House to pass a bill with the emergency clause, and the citizens of that city are hopeful that the Governor will not be able to secure the necessary two-thirds.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A Gain in the Gold Reserve—Minister Ransom's Salary.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 28.—The Treasury stated gold reserve to-day is $94,869,618, subject to a deduction of $1,500,000 withdrawn yesterday for export. In ordinary transactions the gain for the day was $104,000.

The Ransom case is settled. Acting Comptroller Bowers, of the Treasury, has signed the warrant for $525, drawn by the State Department in favor of M. W. Ransom, U. S. Minister to Mexico, and the warrant has been forwarded to Minister Ransom. Auditor Ho'comb, of the Treasury, originally held up the warrant on the ground that Mr. Ransom had not been confirmed by the Senate and, therefore, could not be paid. Secretary Carlisle overruled the Auditor, Acting Comptroller Bowers sustained the Secretary. Under this decision Minister Ransom will draw his full salary from the time of his second appointment.

Ex-United States Judge George S. Bryan, of South Carolina, died at Flatrock, N. C., yesterday; aged 87 years.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Washington, 8; Boston, 5.
Louisville—Louisville, 8; Cleveland, 9.
St. Louis—St. Louis, 2; Pittsburg, 18.
Chicargo—Chicago, 4; Cincinnati, 5.
Philadelphia—First game—Philadelphia, 8, Brooklyn, 6. Second game—Philadelphia, 8; Brooklyn, 6.
New York—New York, 9; Ballimore, 5.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—When Umpire Keefe called the game at the end of the eighth inning to-day six Baltimore rooters leaped from the lower tier of the grand stand and grabbing Jennings, carried him from the field. With two men on the bases and one out, Jennings leaped in the air grabbing Batton's terrific liner, ran to second base and completed a double play. Had the ball evaded Jennings the New York's would most likely have tied the score, as they were hitting Hoffer hard at the time. The victory virtually decided the championship.

BRITISH STEAMER ALENE

Held Up and Searched by a Spanish War Ship Off the Coast of Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, September 28.—The British steamer Alene, Capt. Seiders, from New York, September 21st, which has arrived here, was held up by a Spanish gunboat on Thursday last, five miles off Cape Maysi; the easternmost point of Cuba. The gunboat fired three blank shots at the Alene, and the latter vessel hove to and allowed the gunboat to come up with her. After a party from the war vessel had boarded the Alene and made an inspection, they returned to their ship and steamed away, and the Alene proceeded for her destination.

The British authorities here, it is said, will take prompt action in the matter.

WARM WIRELETS.

The village of Oberunsback, near Kissingen, Bavaria, has been destroyed by fire and its inhabitants, 1,900 in number, are camping in the fields.

A Paris dispatch says that Prof Louis Pasteur, the distinguished chemist and discoverer of the Pasteur treatment for the cure of rabies, is dead.

A fire at Duluth, yesterday, destroyed the elevator of the Daisy Flour mill, causing a loss of $100,000. The loss is well covered by insurance.

The Inter-State Iron Works, one of the largest manufacturing plants at Meridian, Miss., was destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is estimated at $3,000, with $6,000 insurance.

The postoffice at Buchanan, Botetourt county, Va., was broken into Friday night, the safe dynamited and about $400 in stamps and money stolen. There is no clue to the robbers.

The sailing committee of the Royal Victor Yacht Club passed resolutions confirming the challenge for the American's cup made through the Royal Victoria Club by Mr. Charles Day Rose.

A Berlin dispatch says that a squadron of German war vessels have been ordered to Swatow, and that the Catholic missions in the district of Shanting have been placed under German protection.

Gov. Morton, of New York, in response to a telegram of inquiry from Gov. Culberson, of Texas, wired him that prize fighting in that State is a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment, or both.

The town of Bigstone Gap, Va., sixty-five miles from Bristol, was almost totally destroyed by fire Friday night. The loss will be about $80,000, while the insurance is only $6,000.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

In the absence of the pastor Rev Frank T Wooten, of Point Caswell, will preach at Southside Baptist Church, corner of Fifth and Wooster streets, today at 11 a m and 6 p m.

The usual services will be held at the Brooklyn Baptist Church, both morning and evening.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Special services at Chesnut Street Presbyterian Church—Rally Day—preaching at 11 a m by the pastor. Subject: "Move Forward." Preaching at 3.30 p m and at 8 p m. The public cordially welcomed to all services. J A Bonner, pastor.

There will be preaching to-day at the First Baptist Church, colored, corner Fifth and Campbell streets; preaching at 11 o'clock a m, Sunday School at 1 o'clock p m. Rev Jacob Onslow will will preach at 3 o'clock p m, Rev W B F Kornegay will preach at 7.30 p m, Rev Joseph Spells pastor.

St John's Baptist Church, corner of Tenth and Dawson streets, Rev S King pastor—Services at 11 a m, 8 p m and 8 p m. Visitors and strangers welcome.

St Stephens A M E Church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev E J Gregg, pastor. Preaching to-day at 10.30 a m by the pastor. Subject, "Bread upon the Waters." At 8.00 p m, brother F S McClung will officiate. Preaching at 8 00 p m by the pastor, subject, "The Reason Why." A warm welcome to all our services.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CHEESE.

100 Pic-Nic and Clover Hill Cheese

on to-day's Steamer.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street.
sep 25 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded editorial type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., Liberty Building, New York. sept 29 1t*

Miss Annie Cazaux will open her School October 7th, at residence corner of Dock and Fourth streets, sep 26 2t th su

Vocal Music.—Mrs. Wm. H. Shaw will give lessons in Singing by note. For terms and information apply at 314 North Fourth street. sep 26 3t*

To Make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on earth. Sent a'l complete ready to set up; lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 to $10 a day easy. Everybody buys; Big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. sep 24 tf

Bicycle for sale cheap on easy payments. For information call at C. E. Gordon's Store, sep 21 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Pears—Another consignment of 21 barrels Georgia Pears. Flour, Meat, Meal, Crackers, Cheese and Groceries of all kinds at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. F. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

Frank McNeill, Attorney at Law. Office in the Smith building up-stairs, Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. Will practice in this, Richmond, Robeson and adjoining counties, aug 29 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Best Engineer

Of This Day and Time of Close Competition

Is the man that makes a success. We have been the chief engineers of our Racket Store for eight years; have reared it from a small shop to a large wholefale and retail store, doing more business for the cash than any other store in the city. Our store looks like a genuine New York store and run on the same principles.

We are making special efforts to sell Carpets, Matting, Rugs, Potiers and Art Squares, Lace Curtains and Shades. We have closed a contract and agency with one of the largest mills and factories in New York to handle their cargets direct between them and the consumer. We have 150 different samples in Moquets, Velvets, Boddy Brussels, Ingrain Tapestries of all kinds. We will sell you a Carpet and measure the room and have it made to fit free of charge for making. Come and see these samples and learn the prices and take a look at our Carpets of all kinds. We have a large stock on hand. Fine Russels at 48 and 65c; in Moquets at 80c and $1; Hemp at 12½, 15, 18 and 20c. Rugs of all sizes and kinds. Cloaks and Wraps. Nice Capes from 50 each, up to $35.00; nice Beaver goods at $3.50 up. Cloaks from $1.00 up to 12.50 each. Also a big stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing. Childrens' school dress. Ladies' silk waists at 85c each. Mens' suits from $3 50 up.

Come to see us at 112 North Front street, opposite Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
sep 29 tf

Wanted $10,000.

Gilt-edge security. Write to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Yes, we want $10,000, but we don't want to borrow it. We don't want to beg it and we don't want to steal it. We just want to make it in a couple of years We don't want to counterfeit Uncle Sam's money either, we just want to earn it legitimately. Our gilt-edge security is in selling the best quality of goods at a reasonable margin of profit. If we don't make a reasonable profit we've got to starve or steal. The one lands us in the penitentiary and the other carries us to our grave. We are not anxious to take up our abode at either place yet awhile.

We don't and we won't run a cheap John drug shop and sacrifice quality for price. Quality ranks first and price follows.

Those who prefer the best Drugs, &c., at moderate prices know where to go to.

Bunting's Pharmacy.

Those who wish cheap Medicines they know where to go to, too. sep 22 tf

Mullets.

100 Barrels

September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

LOUIS H. MYERS, CHAS. R. LEWIS

Myers & Lewis,

No. 8 SOUTH FRONT ST.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

School, Office and Typewriter Supplies,

Rubber Stamps and Engraving.

sep 1 tf

"The Man of Galilee!"

ADDRESSES BY HON. GEO. R. WENDLING, Admission 50 cents, Y. M. C. Auditorium, Wednesday, October 2nd, 8.30 sharp. Doors open at 8 o'clock. Seats at Yates' Tuesday. Join Y. M. C. A., $5.00 a year, and get free ticket. sa tu we sep 28 3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

100 Pieces of

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Just Received.

Never before in the history of Wilmington have the people ever been favored with the opportunity of having such a magnificent stock of

Domestic and Imported

Black GOODS

To select ftom, consisting of the following:

French Serges, Storm Serges, Mohair Serges, Camel's Hair Serges, Bengaline Serges, Surah Serges, Mohairs, Sicilians, Perola Cloth, Pebbe Cloth, Granite Faucies, Empress Suitings, Tamise, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Bacte Fancies, Broadcloth, Habit Cloth, Sponged Mohair, Cravanette, Cheviots, Crepon and Crepon Effects. Our beautiful line of

Pancy Imported DRESS Patterns

ARE WORTHY OF YOUR INSPECTION,

From $7 to $22 50 a Suit

Kid Gloves to suit everybody.

Agents for Dr. Jaeger's Woollen Underwear.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.
sep 29 tf

CLOTHING AT RETAIL

—AT—

Strictly Wholesale Prices

Means just what it says. We can afford to do it. Our great manufacturing facilities, our wholesale business, the small expense of our retail department notwithstanding the large volume of business put us in position to sell at close margins.

THE PRICES TELL THE STORY.

$7.50 all Wool Black Clay Dress Suits, Sack and Cutaway.

$5 and $6 splendid Dress Business Suits, neat patterns, Plaids, Checks, etc. Impossible to retail Clothiers under $10.

$7.50 every possible pattern, easily worth $10 to $12.

$10—Such Suits as you are accustomed to paying $15 for.

$12 and $15 the highest pinacle of the Tailor's art. Foreign and Domestic Worsteds.

Black and Blue Cheviots $5, $6, $7.50, $10, $12.

BOYS' SUITS $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50.

Save the Retailer's Profit.

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets.
sep 29 tf

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Daily arrivals of Fall and Winter Dress Goods. Give us a call or write for samples before purchasing. We offer for the week:

Serges.

A Storm Serge, 36 inches wide, 20c, worth 25c
" " " 36 " " 25 " 40
" " " 38 " " 30 " 50
" " " 44 " " 50 " 75
" French Serge, 40 " " 45 " 65
" " " 50 " " 40 " 75

We have some short lengths in Serges and Henriettas, 3½ to 8 yard pieces, which we are offering remarkably cheap.

HENRIETTAS.

A 36 inch, plain Henrietta, @ 15 c, worth 25c
" 36 " " " 28 " 35
" 36 " all-wool " " 33½ " 40
" 40 " " " 40 " 75
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A beautiful piece of black Mohair 40-inch, worth 65c.

Come and see our line of Changeable Dress Goods—12½ to 20c per yard. An elegant line of changeable Crepons, Silk finish, this week at 19c. A full stock dark, graduated Calicoes with bright and dainty figures, 6 and 7c. Bargains still raging in our Domestic department. Yours etc.,

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Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 18th 33d year.

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One Day Only,

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En route to the Atlanta Exposition under contract to give an exact duplicate of the world-famous performances given at the World's Fair at Chicago. Absolutely the same performances in every detail, man for man, and horse for horse, will be given here in Wilmington.

"Time Wasted is Existence, Used is Life."

Live, then, in a THREE HOURS' THRILLING VISIT to the WIDE WILD WORLD, now combined in the

NEW, ENLARGED, GREATER

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Congress of Rough Riders of the World.

THE EVENT OF YOUR LIFE!

As it is not and cannot be a perennial visitor. Perfected in Every Detail and in addition to Native American Interest is the Diorama Scenes Western Life is added

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Known in Song, Story and History, and a Military Tournament introducing the

CAVALRY OF CIVILIZATION.

The Mounted Flower of Christendom, led by

COL. W. F. CODY---BUFFALO BILL.

No such Strange Meeting since the Tower of Babel. Exciting Programme by the following varied Assemblage:

100 Indian Warriors.

Ogallalla, Brule, Uncapappa, Sioux, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Tribes,

50 American Cowboys.
30 Mexican Vaqueros and Ruralies.
30 South American Gauchos.
50 Western Frontiersmen, Marksmen, etc.
25 Bedouin Arabs.
20 Russian Cossacks of the Caucasus.

DETACHMENT OF U. S. CAVALRY

Royal Irish-English Lancers.
French Chasseurs. German Cuirassiers.
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Miss Annie Oakley---John Baker

In Feats of Marksmanship,

Only Herd of Buffalo on Exhibition.

This Enormous Exhibition is Transported in

Special Railroad Trains.

Using its Own Specially Constructed Rolling Stock, carrying all the Paraphernalia necessary to a

Covered Grand Stand,

Seating 20,000 Persons.

Assuring Perfect Protection from SUN or RAIN. On day of arrival there will be given a

FREE

STREET CAVALCADE

At 9 A. M., by a Detailed Detachment from each Division. The March will be Enlivened by THREE MAGNIFICENT BANDS OF MUSIC, led by the Famed, World-travelled

Buffalo Bill's Cowboy Band.

At Night a Brilliant

Electric Display

By the Largest Portable Double Electric Plant of 250,000 Candle Power yet constructed for any similar purpose.

Two Performances Daily,

RAIN OR SHINE,

Every Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Every Night at 8 o'clock.

Doors Open One Hour Earlier.

General Admission 50 Cents.

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Seats sold on the day of exhibition at Harris' News Store, No. 21 North Front street.
sep 29 4t oct 2 4 6 WB: sep 27 oct 4

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WHEN AUTUMN COMES

NEW STYLES

Come with it, and every man in town with any Idea of Dress comes to us for styles as a matter of course.

The best ready-made Suits is only a travesty of correctness. It isn't even a clever masquerade. Banish all Ready-made misfits from your wardrobe, and get something

Stylish and Handsome

produced to order and faultless in fit and correct in every detail of workmanship.

We Fit Our Customers,

That's our rule, and it stands like rock bottom.

The belated Summer Suits has now no place in the wear of the gentleman of style, who if not already provided for the Fall makes no delay.

We are making up Suits to order from $11.25 and up.

Pants made to order for $3.00. And before you condemn our goods come and look and compare them with others.

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Northeast Cor. Front and Market St.
sep 22 tf

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Institute for Young Ladies

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It is the best. Board, tuition, one music and two hours practice for $375 a year.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
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A War is Imminent in the South.

A Royal Feast the Bakers had,
And toasts were spoken faster, louder,
Till all by one consent hurrahed
For Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

"P. Cox" spread his spangled tail
"Good-luck" his horse-shoe hung on high,
"One Spoon" dipped in his little pail,
While "Sea-Foam's praise was sung too high,
Old "Horseford" trotted in his horse,
"Patapsco" tapped his big drum louder,
While "Royal" bad to bow, of course,
To Dozier & Lee's Baking Powder.

Sold at wholesale by Dozier & Lee, and by the retail trade generally. Weight one pound, and quality guaranteed, and a silver spoon given away with each box for 10 cents.

Hey diddle, diddle, the cat and the fiddle,
The cow jumped over the moon,
And while in the air, a notion quite queer,
Occurred to her cowship, and soon,
While she was descending, the eagle ascending,
His feathers a shining like silk,
She said Mr. Bird, who has ever heard
Of an eagle bird giving good milk?
Upon him she pounced, his eagleship flounced,
But she kicked the poor bird without mercy,
And made him admit that he hadn't the grit
To keep up a fight with the Jersey.

Jersey Milk beats Eagle Brand and is sold for just one half the price by Dozier & Lee. Try it and if not satisfied return it and get your money back. 10c per can. aug 18 tf

For Lady Bicyclers.

We have just received a handsome lot of

Canvas Leggings

In Pearl and Tan colors for Ladies.

Something New

and what every lady who has a Bicycle should have.

Price 75 Cents.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
aug 25 tf

New Catch

MULLETS.

Put Up in Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

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